



**2021/0106(COD)**

2.3.2022

# **DRAFT OPINION**

of the Committee on Legal Affairs

for the Committee on the Internal Market and Consumer Protection and the  
Committee on Civil Liberties, Justice and Home Affairs

on the proposal for a regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council  
laying down harmonised rules on artificial intelligence (Artificial Intelligence  
Act) and amending certain Union Legislative Acts  
(COM(2021)0206 – C9-0146/2021 – 2021/0106(COD))

Rapporteur for opinion: Axel Voss

PA\_Legam

## AMENDMENTS

The Committee on Legal Affairs calls on the Committee on the Internal Market and Consumer Protection and the Committee on Civil Liberties, Justice and Home Affairs, as the committees responsible, to take into account the following amendments:

### Amendment 1

#### Proposal for a regulation

##### Recital 5

###### *Text proposed by the Commission*

(5) A Union legal framework laying down harmonised rules on artificial intelligence is therefore needed to foster the development, use and uptake of artificial intelligence in the internal market that at the same time meets a high level of protection of public interests, such as health and safety and the protection of fundamental rights, as recognised and protected by Union law. To achieve that objective, rules regulating the placing on the market and putting into service of certain AI systems should be laid down, thus ensuring the smooth functioning of the internal market and allowing those systems to benefit from the principle of free movement of goods and services. By laying down those rules, this Regulation supports the objective of the Union of being a global leader in the development of secure, trustworthy and ethical artificial intelligence, as stated by the European Council<sup>33</sup>, and it ensures the protection of ethical principles, as specifically requested by the European Parliament<sup>34</sup>.

###### *Amendment*

(5) A Union legal framework laying down harmonised rules on artificial intelligence is therefore needed to foster the development, use and uptake of artificial intelligence in the internal market that at the same time meets a high level of protection of public interests, such as health and safety and the protection of fundamental rights, as recognised and protected by Union law. To achieve that objective, rules regulating the placing on the market and putting into service of certain AI systems should be laid down, thus ensuring the smooth functioning of the internal market and allowing those systems to benefit from the principle of free movement of goods and services. ***Furthermore, clear rules supporting the development of AI systems should be laid down, thus enabling a European ecosystem of public and private actors creating AI Systems in line with the European values. While providers of AI systems should not be hindered, the placing on the market and putting into service of certain AI Systems requires strict rules, including the ban of certain practices of AI Systems.*** By laying down those rules, this Regulation supports the objective of the Union of being a global leader in the development of secure, trustworthy and ethical artificial intelligence, as stated by the European Council<sup>33</sup>, and it ensures the protection of

ethical principles, as specifically requested by the European Parliament<sup>34</sup>.

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<sup>33</sup> European Council, Special meeting of the European Council (1 and 2 October 2020) – Conclusions, EUCO 13/20, 2020, p. 6.

<sup>34</sup> European Parliament resolution of 20 October 2020 with recommendations to the Commission on a framework of ethical aspects of artificial intelligence, robotics and related technologies, 2020/2012(INL).

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<sup>33</sup> European Council, Special meeting of the European Council (1 and 2 October 2020) – Conclusions, EUCO 13/20, 2020, p. 6.

<sup>34</sup> European Parliament resolution of 20 October 2020 with recommendations to the Commission on a framework of ethical aspects of artificial intelligence, robotics and related technologies, 2020/2012(INL).

Or. en

## Amendment 2

### Proposal for a regulation Recital 5 a (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***(5a) To ensure the development of secure, trustworthy and ethical AI, the European Commission established the High-Level Expert Group on Artificial Intelligence. In formulating both Ethics guidelines for Trustworthy AI and a corresponding Assessment List for Trustworthy Artificial Intelligence, this independent group solidified the foundational ambition for ‘Trustworthy AI’. As noted by the group, Trustworthiness is a prerequisite for people and societies to develop, deploy and use AI systems. Without AI Systems – and the human beings behind them – being demonstrably worthy of trust, serious and unwanted consequences may ensue and their uptake might be hindered, preventing the realisation of the potentially vast social and economic Benefits that trustworthy AI systems can bring. This approach should be seen as the basis of a European approach to ensure and scale AI that is both***

### Amendment 3

#### Proposal for a regulation Recital 6

##### *Text proposed by the Commission*

(6) The notion of AI system should be clearly defined to ensure legal certainty, while providing the flexibility to accommodate future technological developments. The definition should be based on the key functional characteristics of the *software*, in particular *the* ability, for a given set of human-defined objectives, to *generate outputs such as content, predictions, recommendations, or decisions which influence the environment with which the system interacts, be it in a physical or digital dimension*. AI systems *can* be designed to operate with varying levels of autonomy and be used on a stand-alone basis or as a component of a product, irrespective of whether the system is physically integrated into the product (embedded) or serve the functionality of the product without being integrated therein (non-embedded). The definition of AI system should be complemented by a list of specific techniques and approaches used for its development, which should be kept up-to-date in the light of market and technological developments through the adoption of delegated acts by the Commission to amend that list.

##### *Amendment*

(6) The notion of AI system should be clearly defined to ensure legal certainty, while providing the flexibility to accommodate future technological developments. The definition should be *in line with already existing generally accepted AI definitions that have found international acceptance. Moreover, it should be based on the key functional characteristics of artificial intelligence distinguishing it from more classic software systems and modelling approaches such as logistic regression and other techniques that are similarly transparent, explainable and interpretable. For the purposes of this Regulation, the definition should be* based on the key functional characteristics of the *AI system*, in particular *its* ability, for a given set of human-defined objectives, to *make* predictions, recommendations, or decisions *that* influence *real or virtual environments, whereby it uses machine and/or human-based data and inputs to (i) perceive real and/or virtual environments; (ii) abstract these perceptions into models through analysis in an automated manner (e.g., with machine learning), or manually; and (iii) use model inference to formulate options for outcomes. The definition should include* AI systems *which are designed to operate with varying levels of autonomy and can be and to* be designed to operate with varying levels of autonomy and be used on a stand-alone basis or as a component of a product,

irrespective of whether the system is physically integrated into the product (embedded) or serve the functionality of the product without being integrated therein (non-embedded). ***Systems, which provide for automatic tasks solution, should not be considered to be AI system, unless the systems acts significant autonomously.*** The definition of AI system should be complemented by a list of specific techniques and approaches used for its development, which should be kept up-to-date in the light of market and technological developments through the adoption of delegated acts by the Commission to amend that list. ***Should the definition of ‘artificial intelligence system’ from international organisations such as the OECD be adjusted in the coming years, the European Commission should engage in dialogue with the OECD to ensure alignment between the two definitions. Should the AI Act still be undergoing legislative procedure, the co-legislators should consider these latest developments during the legislative process, so as to ensure alignment, legal clarity and broad international acceptance of the AI Act Definition of ‘AI systems’.***

Or. en

#### Amendment 4

##### Proposal for a regulation Recital 6 a (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***(6a) An AI systems of a mixed nature due to the combination or the convergence of listed high-risk purposes and non-listed low-risk purposes should fall completely under Title III of this Regulation, if the purposes are inextricably linked. The same rule should***

*apply to minor AI components in a large software system, meaning that the AI component should be addressed separately unless it is inextricably linked with the software system.*

Or. en

## **Amendment 5**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Recital 8**

##### *Text proposed by the Commission*

(8) The notion of remote biometric identification system as used in this Regulation should be defined functionally, as an AI system intended for the identification of natural persons at a distance through the comparison of a person's biometric data with the biometric data contained in a reference database, and without prior knowledge whether the targeted person will be present and can be identified, irrespectively of the particular technology, processes or types of biometric data used. Considering their different characteristics and manners in which they are used, as well as the different risks involved, a distinction should be made between 'real-time' and 'post' remote biometric identification systems. In the case of 'real-time' systems, the capturing of the biometric data, the comparison and the identification occur all instantaneously, near-instantaneously or in any event without a significant delay. In this regard, there should be no scope for circumventing the rules of this Regulation on the 'real-time' use of the AI systems in question by providing for minor delays. 'Real-time' systems involve the use of 'live' or 'near-live' material, such as video footage, generated by a camera or other device with similar functionality. In the case of 'post' systems, in contrast, the biometric data

##### *Amendment*

(8) The notion of remote biometric identification system as used in this Regulation should be defined functionally, as an AI system intended for the identification of natural persons at a distance through the comparison of a person's biometric data with the biometric data contained in a reference database, and without prior knowledge whether the targeted person will be present and can be identified, irrespectively of the particular technology, processes or types of biometric data used. Considering their different characteristics and manners in which they are used, as well as the different risks involved, a distinction should be made between 'real-time' and 'post' remote biometric identification systems. In the case of 'real-time' systems, the capturing of the biometric data, the comparison and the identification occur all instantaneously, near-instantaneously or in any event without a significant delay. In this regard, there should be no scope for circumventing the rules of this Regulation on the 'real-time' use of the AI systems in question by providing for minor delays. 'Real-time' systems involve the use of 'live' or 'near-live' material, such as video footage, generated by a camera or other device with similar functionality. In the case of 'post' systems, in contrast, the biometric data

have already been captured and the comparison and identification occur only after a significant delay. This involves material, such as pictures or video footage generated by closed circuit television cameras or private devices, which has been generated before the use of the system in respect of the natural persons concerned.

have already been captured and the comparison and identification occur only after a significant delay. This involves material, such as pictures or video footage generated by closed circuit television cameras or private devices, which has been generated before the use of the system in respect of the natural persons concerned.

***The notion of remote biometric identification system should not cover AI systems, which allow for an identification of a natural person, if these AI Systems are under the control of the natural person, such as door locks, security systems etc.***

Or. en

## Amendment 6

### Proposal for a regulation Recital 11

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***(11) In light of their digital nature, certain AI systems should fall within the scope of this Regulation even when they are neither placed on the market, nor put into service, nor used in the Union. This is the case for example of an operator established in the Union that contracts certain services to an operator established outside the Union in relation to an activity to be performed by an AI system that would qualify as high-risk and whose effects impact natural persons located in the Union. In those circumstances, the AI system used by the operator outside the Union could process data lawfully collected in and transferred from the Union, and provide to the contracting operator in the Union the output of that AI system resulting from that processing, without that AI system being placed on the market, put into service or used in the Union. To prevent the circumvention of***

***deleted***

*this Regulation and to ensure an effective protection of natural persons located in the Union, this Regulation should also apply to providers and users of AI systems that are established in a third country, to the extent the output produced by those systems is used in the Union. Nonetheless, to take into account existing arrangements and special needs for cooperation with foreign partners with whom information and evidence is exchanged, this Regulation should not apply to public authorities of a third country and international organisations when acting in the framework of international agreements concluded at national or European level for law enforcement and judicial cooperation with the Union or with its Member States. Such agreements have been concluded bilaterally between Member States and third countries or between the European Union, Europol and other EU agencies and third countries and international organisations.*

Or. en

## **Amendment 7**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Recital 14**

##### *Text proposed by the Commission*

(14) In order to introduce a proportionate and effective set of binding rules for AI systems, a clearly defined risk-based approach should be followed. That approach should tailor the type and content of such rules to the intensity and scope of the risks that AI systems can generate. It is therefore necessary to prohibit certain artificial intelligence practices, to lay down requirements for high-risk AI systems and obligations for the relevant operators, and to lay down transparency obligations for

##### *Amendment*

(14) In order to introduce a proportionate and effective set of binding rules for AI systems, a clearly defined risk-based approach should be followed. That approach should tailor the type and content of such rules to the intensity and scope of the risks that AI systems can generate. It is therefore necessary to prohibit certain artificial intelligence practices, to lay down requirements for high-risk AI systems and obligations for the relevant operators, and to lay down transparency obligations for

certain AI systems.

certain AI systems. ***This approach should also take into consideration that the development of AI systems, compared to the placing on the market and putting into service of an AI system, only leads to lower risks as long as the AI System is only used in the development environment. Therefore, the risk based approach should allow for the development of AI systems, disregarding whether the developed AI systems will eventually be put on the market.***

Or. en

## Amendment 8

### Proposal for a regulation Recital 33

#### *Text proposed by the Commission*

(33) Technical inaccuracies of AI systems intended for the remote biometric identification of natural persons can lead to biased results and entail discriminatory effects. This is particularly relevant when it comes to age, ethnicity, sex or disabilities. Therefore, ‘real-time’ and ‘post’ remote biometric identification systems should be classified as high-risk. In view of the risks that they pose, both types of remote biometric identification systems should be subject to specific requirements on logging capabilities and human oversight.

#### *Amendment*

(33) Technical inaccuracies of AI systems intended for the remote biometric identification of natural persons can lead to biased results and entail discriminatory effects. This is particularly relevant when it comes to age, ethnicity, sex or disabilities. Therefore, ‘real-time’ and ‘post’ remote biometric identification systems should be classified as high-risk, ***except for the purpose of remote client on-boarding or authentication of a user through a device.*** In view of the risks that they pose, both types of remote biometric identification systems should be subject to specific requirements on logging capabilities and human oversight.

Or. en

## Amendment 9

### Proposal for a regulation Recital 37

**(37) Another area in which the use of AI systems deserves special consideration is the access to and enjoyment of certain essential private and public services and benefits necessary for people to fully participate in society or to improve one's standard of living. In particular, AI systems used to evaluate the credit score or creditworthiness of natural persons should be classified as high-risk AI systems, since they determine those persons' access to financial resources or essential services such as housing, electricity, and telecommunication services. AI systems used for this purpose may lead to discrimination of persons or groups and perpetuate historical patterns of discrimination, for example based on racial or ethnic origins, disabilities, age, sexual orientation, or create new forms of discriminatory impacts. Considering the very limited scale of the impact and the available alternatives on the market, it is appropriate to exempt AI systems for the purpose of creditworthiness assessment and credit scoring when put into service by small-scale providers for their own use. Natural persons applying for or receiving public assistance benefits and services from public authorities are typically dependent on those benefits and services and in a vulnerable position in relation to the responsible authorities. If AI systems are used for determining whether such benefits and services should be denied, reduced, revoked or reclaimed by authorities, they may have a significant impact on persons' livelihood and may infringe their fundamental rights, such as the right to social protection, non-discrimination, human dignity or an effective remedy. Those systems should therefore be classified as high-risk. Nonetheless, this Regulation should not hamper the development and use of innovative approaches in the public**

**deleted**

*administration, which would stand to benefit from a wider use of compliant and safe AI systems, provided that those systems do not entail a high risk to legal and natural persons. Finally, AI systems used to dispatch or establish priority in the dispatching of emergency first response services should also be classified as high-risk since they make decisions in very critical situations for the life and health of persons and their property.*

Or. en

## Amendment 10

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Recital 41

##### *Text proposed by the Commission*

(41) The fact that an AI system is classified as high risk under this Regulation should not be interpreted as indicating that the use of the system is necessarily lawful under other acts of Union law or under national law compatible with Union law, such as on the protection of personal data, on the use of polygraphs and similar tools or other systems to detect the emotional state of natural persons. Any such use should continue to occur solely in accordance with the applicable requirements resulting from the Charter and from the applicable acts of secondary Union law and national law. This Regulation ***should not*** be understood as providing for the legal ground for processing of personal data, including special categories of personal data, where relevant.

##### *Amendment*

(41) The fact that an AI system is classified as high risk under this Regulation should not be interpreted as indicating that the use of the system is necessarily lawful under other acts of Union law or under national law compatible with Union law, such as on the protection of personal data, on the use of polygraphs and similar tools or other systems to detect the emotional state of natural persons. Any such use should continue to occur solely in accordance with the applicable requirements resulting from the Charter and from the applicable acts of secondary Union law and national law. ***As far as applicable***, this Regulation ***may*** be understood as providing for the legal ground for processing of personal data, including special categories of personal data, where relevant.

Or. en

## Amendment 11

### Proposal for a regulation Recital 44

#### *Text proposed by the Commission*

(44) High data quality is essential for the performance of many AI systems, especially when techniques involving the training of models are used, with a view to ensure that the high-risk AI system performs as intended and safely and it does not become the source of discrimination prohibited by Union law. High quality training, validation and testing data sets require the implementation of appropriate data governance and management practices. Training, validation and testing data sets should be sufficiently relevant, representative ***and free of errors and complete*** in view of the intended purpose of the system. They should also have the appropriate statistical properties, including as regards the persons or groups of persons on which the high-risk AI system is intended to be used. In particular, training, validation and testing data sets should take into account, to the extent required in the light of their intended purpose, the features, characteristics or elements that are particular to the specific geographical, behavioural or functional setting or context within which the AI system is intended to be used. In order to protect the right of others from the discrimination that might result from the bias in AI systems, the providers ***should be*** able to process also special categories of personal data, as a matter of substantial public interest, in order to ensure the bias monitoring, detection and correction in relation to high-risk AI systems.

#### *Amendment*

(44) High data quality is essential for the performance of many AI systems, especially when techniques involving the training of models are used, with a view to ensure that the high-risk AI system performs as intended and safely and it does not become the source of discrimination prohibited by Union law. ***The processing of personal data in order to achieve the aforementioned shall be a legitimate interest.*** High quality training, validation and testing data sets require the implementation of appropriate data governance and management practices. Training, validation and testing data sets should be sufficiently relevant, ***and*** representative in view of the intended purpose of the system. They should also have the appropriate statistical properties, including as regards the persons or groups of persons on which the high-risk AI system is intended to be used. ***If it is necessary for the aforementioned purpose to use existing sets of personal data originally collected and stored for a different purpose their use for the aforementioned purpose shall be deemed compatible with the original purpose as long as the personal data is not transferred to any third party.*** In particular, training, validation and testing data sets should take into account, to the extent required in the light of their intended purpose, the features, characteristics or elements that are particular to the specific geographical, behavioural or functional setting or context within which the AI system is intended to be used. In order to protect the right of others from the discrimination that might result from the bias in AI systems, the providers ***should be*** able to process also special categories of

personal data, as a matter of substantial public interest, in order to ensure the bias monitoring, detection and correction in relation to high-risk AI systems.

Or. en

## Amendment 12

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Recital 46

##### *Text proposed by the Commission*

(46) Having information on how high-risk AI systems have been developed and how they perform throughout their lifecycle is essential to verify compliance with the requirements under this Regulation. This requires keeping records and the availability of a technical documentation, containing information which is necessary to assess the compliance of the AI system with the relevant requirements. Such information should include the general characteristics, capabilities and limitations of the system, algorithms, data, training, testing and validation processes used as well as documentation on the relevant risk management system. The technical documentation should be kept up to date.

##### *Amendment*

(46) Having information on how high-risk AI systems have been developed and how they perform throughout their lifecycle is essential to verify compliance with the requirements under this Regulation. This requires keeping records and the availability of a technical documentation, containing information which is necessary to assess the compliance of the AI system with the relevant requirements. ***While preserving trade secrets***, such information should include the general characteristics, capabilities and limitations of the system, algorithms, data, training, testing and validation processes used as well as documentation on the relevant risk management system. The technical documentation should be kept up to date.

Or. en

## Amendment 13

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Recital 51

##### *Text proposed by the Commission*

(51) Cybersecurity plays a crucial role in ensuring that AI systems are resilient

##### *Amendment*

(51) Cybersecurity plays a crucial role in ensuring that AI systems are resilient

against attempts to alter their use, behaviour, performance or compromise their security properties by malicious third parties exploiting the system's vulnerabilities. Cyberattacks against AI systems can leverage AI specific assets, such as training data sets (e.g. data poisoning) or trained models (e.g. adversarial attacks), or exploit vulnerabilities in the AI system's digital assets or the underlying ICT infrastructure. To ensure a level of cybersecurity appropriate to the risks, suitable measures should therefore be taken by the providers of high-risk AI systems, also taking into account as appropriate the underlying ICT infrastructure.

against attempts to alter their use, behaviour, performance or compromise their security properties by malicious third parties exploiting the system's vulnerabilities. Cyberattacks against AI systems can leverage AI specific assets, such as training data sets (e.g. data poisoning) or trained models (e.g. adversarial attacks), or exploit vulnerabilities in the AI system's digital assets or the underlying ICT infrastructure. To ensure a level of cybersecurity appropriate to the risks, suitable measures should therefore be taken by the providers of high-risk AI systems **but also by national competent authorities and notified bodies**, also taking into account as appropriate the underlying ICT infrastructure.

Or. en

## Amendment 14

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Recital 62

##### *Text proposed by the Commission*

(62) In order to ensure a high level of trustworthiness of high-risk AI systems, those systems should be subject to a conformity assessment prior to their placing on the market or putting into service.

##### *Amendment*

(62) In order to ensure a high level of trustworthiness of high-risk AI systems, those systems should be subject to a conformity assessment prior to their placing on the market or putting into service. ***AI systems, including general purpose AI systems, are frequently used as components of other AI or non-AI software systems. In order to increase trust in the value chain and to give certainty to businesses about the performance of their systems, providers may voluntarily apply for a third-party conformity assessments.***

Or. en

## Amendment 15

### Proposal for a regulation Recital 65

#### *Text proposed by the Commission*

(65) In order to carry out third-party conformity assessment for AI systems intended to be used for the remote biometric identification of persons, notified bodies should be designated under this Regulation by the national competent authorities, provided they are compliant with a set of requirements, notably on independence, competence **and** absence of conflicts of interests.

#### *Amendment*

(65) In order to carry out third-party conformity assessment for AI systems intended to be used for the remote biometric identification of persons, notified bodies should be designated under this Regulation by the national competent authorities, provided they are compliant with a set of requirements, notably on independence, competence, absence of conflicts of interests, **and minimum cybersecurity requirements**.

Or. en

## Amendment 16

### Proposal for a regulation Recital 66

#### *Text proposed by the Commission*

(66) In line with the commonly established notion of substantial modification for products regulated by Union harmonisation legislation, it is appropriate that an AI system undergoes a new conformity assessment whenever a change occurs which may affect the compliance of the system with this Regulation or when the intended purpose of the system changes. In addition, as regards AI systems which continue to 'learn' after being placed on the market or put into service (i.e. they automatically adapt how functions are carried out), it is necessary to provide rules establishing that changes to the algorithm and its performance that have been **pre-determined by the provider and assessed** at the moment of the conformity

#### *Amendment*

(66) In line with the commonly established notion of substantial modification for products regulated by Union harmonisation legislation, it is appropriate that an AI system undergoes a new conformity assessment whenever a change occurs which may affect the compliance of the system with this Regulation or when the intended purpose of the system changes. ***If such a case materialises, the provider should follow a clear procedure with fixed deadlines, transparency requirements and reporting duties.*** In addition, as regards AI systems which continue to 'learn' after being placed on the market or put into service (i.e. they automatically adapt how functions are carried out), it is necessary to provide rules establishing that changes to

assessment should not constitute a substantial modification.

the algorithm and its performance that have been *planned or considered* at the moment of the conformity assessment should not constitute a substantial modification. ***In addition, it should not be considered as substantial modification if the user trains an AI system. In this situation, the user should clearly delimit the effects that the learning can have for the AI system.***

Or. en

## Amendment 17

### Proposal for a regulation Recital 84

#### *Text proposed by the Commission*

(84) Member States should take all necessary measures to ensure that the provisions of this Regulation are implemented, including by laying down effective, proportionate and dissuasive penalties for their infringement. For certain specific infringements, Member States should take into account the margins and criteria set out in this Regulation. The European Data Protection Supervisor should have the power to impose fines on Union institutions, agencies and bodies falling within the scope of this Regulation.

#### *Amendment*

(84) Member States should take all necessary measures to ensure that the provisions of this Regulation are implemented, including by laying down effective, proportionate and dissuasive penalties for their infringement. For certain specific infringements, Member States should take into account the margins and criteria set out in this Regulation. The European Data Protection Supervisor should have the power to impose fines on Union institutions, agencies and bodies falling within the scope of this Regulation. ***As these fines are proportional to turnover, there is a risk that the provider of an AI system requests a user of that AI system, with smaller turnover, to take on the role of provider in exchange for the initial provider to reimburse the penalties the AI system could face, reducing the penalty the initial provider would otherwise face. To prevent such abuse, the penalties and litigation costs under this Regulation should not be subject to contractual clauses or other arrangements.***

Or. en

## Amendment 18

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 1 – paragraph 1 – point a

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(a) harmonised rules for the placing on the market, the putting into service and the use of artificial intelligence systems (‘AI systems’) in the Union;

*Amendment*

(a) harmonised rules for the placing on the market, the putting into service and the use of *trustworthy* artificial intelligence systems (‘AI systems’) in the Union;

Or. en

## Amendment 19

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 1 – paragraph 1 – point e

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(e) rules on market monitoring *and* surveillance.

*Amendment*

(e) rules on market monitoring, *market* surveillance *and governance*;

Or. en

## Amendment 20

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 1 – paragraph 1 – point e a (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

*(ea) measures in support of innovation with a particular focus on SMEs and start-ups.*

Or. en

## Amendment 21

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 2 – paragraph 1 – point b

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(b) users of AI systems *located* within the Union;

*Amendment*

(b) users of AI systems *who are physically present or established* within the Union;

Or. en

## Amendment 22

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 2 – paragraph 1 – point c

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(c) providers *and users* of AI systems that are located in a third country, where the output produced by the system is used in the Union;

*Amendment*

(c) providers of AI systems that are located in a third country, where the output, *meaning predictions, recommendations or decisions* produced by the system *and influencing the environment it interacts with*, is used in the Union *and puts at risk the health, safety or fundamental rights of natural persons physically present in the Union, insofar as the provider has permitted or is involved in such use*;

Or. en

## Amendment 23

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 2 – paragraph 1 – point c a (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

(ca) *importers, distributors, and authorised representatives of providers of AI systems*;

## Amendment 24

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 2 – paragraph 2 – introductory part

*Text proposed by the Commission*

2. For high-risk AI systems that are safety components of products or systems, or which are themselves products *or systems*, falling within the scope of the following acts, only Article 84 of this Regulation shall apply:

*Amendment*

2. For *AI systems classified as* high-risk AI *in accordance with Article 6 related to products covered by Union harmonisation legislation listed in Annex II, section B* systems that are safety components of products or systems, or which are themselves products, falling within the scope of the following acts only Article 84 of this Regulation shall apply.

Or. en

## Amendment 25

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 2 – paragraph 2 – point a

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(a) *Regulation (EC) No 300/2008;*

*Amendment*

*deleted*

Or. en

## Amendment 26

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 2 – paragraph 2 – point b

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(b) *Regulation (EU) No 167/2013;*

*Amendment*

*deleted*

Or. en

## **Amendment 27**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 2 – paragraph 2 – point c**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

**(c) Regulation (EU) No 168/2013;** *deleted*

Or. en

## **Amendment 28**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 2 – paragraph 2 – point d**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

**(d) Directive 2014/90/EU;** *deleted*

Or. en

## **Amendment 29**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 2 – paragraph 2 – point e**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

**(e) Directive (EU) 2016/797;** *deleted*

Or. en

## **Amendment 30**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 2 – paragraph 2 – point f**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

**(f) Regulation (EU) 2018/858;** *deleted*

### Amendment 31

#### Proposal for a regulation Article 2 – paragraph 2 – point g

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

(g) **Regulation (EU) 2018/1139;** **deleted**

Or. en

### Amendment 32

#### Proposal for a regulation Article 2 – paragraph 2 – point h

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

(h) **Regulation (EU) 2019/2144.** **deleted**

Or. en

### Amendment 33

#### Proposal for a regulation Article 2 – paragraph 3

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

3. This Regulation shall not apply to AI systems developed or used exclusively for military purposes.

3. This Regulation shall not apply to AI systems developed or used exclusively for military **or national security** purposes.

Or. en

### Amendment 34

#### Proposal for a regulation Article 2 – paragraph 3 a (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***3a. This Regulation shall not affect any research, testing and development activity regarding AI systems, in particular but without limitation if it is conducted in an AI regulatory sandbox based on Article 53 of this Regulation, prior to the system being placed on the market or putting it into service. It shall neither apply to AI systems, including their output, specifically developed and put into service for the sole Purpose of scientific research, testing and development.***

Or. en

## **Amendment 35**

**Proposal for a regulation  
Article 2 – paragraph 3 b (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***3b. With the exception of Article 23a(2), this Regulation shall not apply to providers of general purpose AI systems, unless those systems have been adapted to a specific intended purpose that falls within the scope of this Regulation. This provision shall apply irrespective of whether the general purpose AI system is open source software or not.***

Or. en

## **Amendment 36**

**Proposal for a regulation  
Article 2 – paragraph 3 c (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

**3c. Title III of this Regulation shall not apply to AI systems that are used in a sole business-to-business (B2B) environment without any foreseeable impact or effect on end-users or other natural persons.**

Or. en

### **Amendment 37**

#### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point 1**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

(1) ‘artificial intelligence system’ (AI system) means **software** that is developed with **one or more of** the techniques and approaches listed in Annex I and **can, for a given set of human-defined objectives, generate outputs such as content, predictions, recommendations, or decisions influencing the environments they interact with;**

(1) ‘artificial intelligence system’ (AI system) means **a machine based system** that is developed with the techniques and approaches listed in Annex I and **is capable of influencing the environment by producing an output** (predictions, recommendations or decisions) **for a given set of objectives. It uses machine and/or human-based data and inputs to (i) perceive real and/or virtual environments; (ii) abstract these perceptions into models through analysis in an automated manner (e.g., with machine learning), or manually; and (iii) use model inference to formulate options for outcomes. AI systems are designed to operate with varying levels of autonomy.**

Or. en

#### *Justification*

*Although the AI Act is an EU Regulation, it should use the wording developed by the OECD. Using this widely accepted definition will help the EU to better cooperate with non-EU democracies such as the USA, Canada or UK. Together, it will be easier to promote international standards based on our democratic values. The new definition for AI systems moreover creates legal certainty while providing enough flexibility by accommodating future technological developments.*

## **Amendment 38**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point 1 a (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***(1a) 'general purpose AI system' means AI system that is able to perform generally applicable functions such as image or speech recognition, audio or video generation, pattern detection, question answering, and translation, and is able to have multiple intended purposes;***

Or. en

## **Amendment 39**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point 1 b (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***(1b) 'autonomous' means an AI-system that operates by interpreting certain input and by using a set of pre-determined objectives, without being limited to specific instructions, despite the system's behaviour being constrained by, and targeted at, fulfilling the goal it was given and other relevant design choices made by its provider;***

Or. en

## **Amendment 40**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point 1 c (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

**(1c) ‘risk’ means the combination of the probability of occurrence of a harm and the severity of that harm;**

Or. en

## **Amendment 41**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point 2**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

(2) ‘**provider**’ means a natural or legal person, public authority, agency or other body **that develops an AI system or that has** an AI system **developed with a view to placing it** on the market or **putting it** into service under its own name or trademark, whether for payment or free of charge;

(2) ‘**developer**’ means a natural or legal person, public authority, agency or other body, **other than the deployer, that places** an AI system on the market or **puts it** into service under its own name or trademark, whether for payment or free of charge **or that adapts general purpose AI systems to a specific intended purpose;**

Or. en

#### *Justification*

*The modification of 'provider' to developer should be made consequentially throughout the text. 'Developer' is the term that is used in the AI community.*

## **Amendment 42**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point 3**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

(3) ‘**small-scale provider**’ means a **provider that is a micro or small enterprise within the meaning of Commission Recommendation 2003/361/EC<sup>61</sup>** ;

**deleted**

<sup>61</sup> *Commission Recommendation of 6 May 2003 concerning the definition of micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (OJ L 124, 20.5.2003, p. 36).*

Or. en

*Justification*

*Deletion due to proposed changes in Art 55.*

**Amendment 43**

**Proposal for a regulation  
Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point 4**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(4) ‘*user*’ means any natural or legal person, public authority, agency or other body using an AI system under its authority, except where the AI system is used in the course of a personal non-professional activity;

*Amendment*

(4) ‘*deployer*’ means any natural or legal person, public authority, agency or other body using an AI system under its authority, except where the AI system is used in the course of a personal non-professional activity;

Or. en

*Justification*

*The modification of 'user' to deployer should be made consequentially throughout the text. 'Deployer' is the term that is used in the AI community. 'User' would at the same time lead to legal overlaps and contradictions with other laws such as the GDPR.*

**Amendment 44**

**Proposal for a regulation  
Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point 4 a (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***(4a) ‘end-user’ means any natural person who, in the context of employment or contractual agreement with the deployer, uses the AI system under the authority of the deployer;***

#### Amendment 45

##### Proposal for a regulation Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point 11

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(11) ‘putting into service’ means the *supply* of an AI system *for first use directly to* the user or *for own use on the Union market for its* intended purpose;

*Amendment*

(11) ‘putting into service’ means the *first use* of an AI system *within the Union by* the user or *the end-user for the purpose for which it was* intended;

Or. en

#### Amendment 46

##### Proposal for a regulation Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point 14

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(14) ‘safety component of a product or system’ means a component of a *product or* of a system which fulfils a safety function for that product or system *or the failure or malfunctioning of which* endangers the health and safety of persons *or property*;

*Amendment*

(14) ‘safety component of a product or system’ means, *in line with the relevant Union harmonisation legislation listed in Annex II*, a component of a *product or* of a system which fulfils a safety function for that product or system *so that the malfunction of this component significantly and almost certainly directly or immediately* endangers the health and safety of persons;

Or. en

#### Amendment 47

##### Proposal for a regulation Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point 15

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(15) ‘instructions for use’ means the

*Amendment*

(15) ‘instructions for use’ means the

information provided by the provider to inform the user of in particular an AI system's intended purpose and proper use, ***inclusive of the specific geographical, behavioural or functional setting within which the high-risk AI system is intended to be used;***

information provided by the provider to inform the user of in particular an AI system's intended purpose and proper use;

Or. en

## Amendment 48

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point 23

##### *Text proposed by the Commission*

(23) ‘substantial modification’ means a change to the AI system following its placing on the market or putting into service which affects the compliance of the AI system with the requirements set out in Title III, Chapter 2 of this Regulation or results in a modification to the intended purpose for which the AI system has been assessed;

##### *Amendment*

(23) ‘substantial modification’ means a change to the AI system following its placing on the market or putting into service, which ***creates a new or increased risk and significantly*** affects the compliance of the AI system with the requirements set out in Title III, Chapter 2 of this Regulation or results in a modification to the intended purpose for which the AI system has been assessed;

Or. en

## Amendment 49

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point 24

##### *Text proposed by the Commission*

(24) ‘CE marking of conformity’ (CE marking) means a marking by which a provider indicates that ***an*** AI system is in conformity with the requirements set out in Title III, Chapter 2 of this Regulation and other applicable Union legislation harmonising the conditions for the marketing of products (‘Union

##### *Amendment*

(24) ‘CE marking of conformity’ (CE marking) means a marking by which a provider indicates that ***a product with an embedded*** AI system is in conformity with the requirements set out in Title III, Chapter 2 of this Regulation and other applicable Union legislation harmonising the conditions for the marketing of

harmonisation legislation’) providing for its affixing;

products (‘Union harmonisation legislation’) providing for its affixing;

Or. en

## Amendment 50

### Proposal for a regulation Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point 33

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(33) ‘biometric data’ means personal data resulting from specific technical processing relating to the physical, physiological or behavioural characteristics of a natural person, which **allow or** confirm the unique identification of that natural person, such as **facial images or** dactyloscopic data;

*Amendment*

(33) ‘biometric data’ means personal data resulting from specific technical processing relating to the physical, **or** physiological or behavioural characteristics of a natural person, which confirm the unique identification of that natural person, such as dactyloscopic data;

Or. en

## Amendment 51

### Proposal for a regulation Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point 34

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(34) ‘emotion recognition system’ means an AI system for the purpose of identifying or inferring emotions **or intentions** of natural persons on the basis of their biometric **data**;

*Amendment*

(34) ‘emotion recognition system’ means an AI system for the purpose of identifying or inferring emotions of natural persons on the basis of their biometric **or other data obtained, read or interpreted from an individual**;

Or. en

## Amendment 52

### Proposal for a regulation Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point 37

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(37) “‘real-time’ remote biometric identification system’ means a remote biometric identification system whereby the capturing of biometric data, the comparison and the identification all occur without a significant delay. ***This comprises not only instant identification, but also limited short delays in order to avoid circumvention.***

*Amendment*

(37) “‘real-time’ remote biometric identification system’ means a remote biometric identification system whereby the capturing of biometric data, the comparison and the identification all occur without a significant delay.

Or. en

**Amendment 53**

**Proposal for a regulation**

**Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point 44 – introductory part**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(44) ‘serious incident’ means any incident that directly or indirectly leads, ***might have led or might lead*** to any of the following:

*Amendment*

(44) ‘serious incident’ means any incident that directly or indirectly leads to any of the following:

Or. en

**Amendment 54**

**Proposal for a regulation**

**Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point 44 – point a**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(a) the death of a person or serious damage to a person’s health, ***to property or the environment,***

*Amendment*

(a) the death of a person or serious damage to a person’s health,

Or. en

## **Amendment 55**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point 44 a (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***(44a) ‘incident’ means a faulty operation of an AI system;***

Or. en

## **Amendment 56**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point 44 b (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***(44b) ‘personal data’ means data as defined in point (1) of Article 4 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679;***

Or. en

## **Amendment 57**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point 44 c (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***(44c) ‘non-personal data’ means data other than personal data as defined in point (1) of Article 4 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679;***

Or. en

## **Amendment 58**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point 44 d (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***(44d) ‘deep fake’ means manipulated or synthetic audio, image or video content that would falsely appear to be authentic or truthful, and which features depictions of persons appearing to say or do things they did not say or do, without their consent, produced using AI techniques, including machine learning and deep learning;***

Or. en

## **Amendment 59**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 3 – paragraph 1 – point 44 e (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***(44e) ‘regulatory sandbox’ means a framework which, by providing a structured context for experimentation, enable where appropriate in a real-world or digital environment the testing of innovative technologies, products, services or approaches for a limited time and in a limited part of a sector or area under regulatory supervision ensuring that appropriate safeguards are in place.***

Or. en

## **Amendment 60**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 4 – paragraph 1**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 73 to amend the list of techniques and

The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 73, ***after ensuring adequate consultation***

approaches listed in Annex I, in order to update that list to market and technological developments on the basis of characteristics *that are similar to the techniques and approaches listed therein*.

*with relevant stakeholders*, to amend the list of techniques and approaches listed in Annex I *within the scope of the definition of an AI system as provided for in Article 3(1)*, in order to update that list to market and technological developments on the basis of *transparent* characteristics.

Or. en

## Amendment 61

### Proposal for a regulation Article 4 a (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

#### *Article 4 a*

##### *Trustworthy AI*

**1.** *Providers of an AI system shall, throughout all stages of development of the AI system, acknowledge the EU Charta of Fundamental Rights and ensure that the AI system is lawful, ethical and robust.*

**(a)** *‘lawful’ means that the AI system is developed to operate in accordance with European, national and international legally binding rules;*

**(b)** *‘ethical’ means that the AI system is developed taking into account the specific benefits of the AI system while respecting the freedom and autonomy of human beings, human dignity as well as mental and physical integrity, and to be fair and explicable;*

**(c)** *‘robust’ means that the AI system performs in a safe, secure and reliable manner, with embedded safeguards to as much as possible prevent any unintended adverse impacts.*

**2.** *The concept set out in paragraph 1 shall be taken into account by the European Standardisation Organisations*

*as outcome-based objectives when they develop appropriate harmonised standards for high risk AI systems as referred to in Article 40(2b).*

*For all other AI systems, the voluntary application on the basis of technical specifications and solutions through codes of conducts as referred to in Article 69(1a) is highly encouraged.*

**3. Providers and users of high-risk AI systems shall complete a trustworthy technology assessment, in compliance with paragraph 1 and as part of the requirements under Article 16(a) and 29(4).**

**4. The Commission shall provide an assessment list for developing Trustworthy AI and create an AI toolkit for AI and data protection risk mitigation and management.**

Or. en

#### *Justification*

*The EU Institutions regularly speak about the European approach to AI and underline that our AI is “trustworthy”. However, until now a concrete concept behind this term is missing. The AI Act did not fill this conceptual gap either. In particular, it did not take the INL on AI ethics, written by the JURI committee into account, which could have solved the problem. Therefore, our new Article aims to address the gap and outline, what makes European AI unique. It thereby draws heavily on the work of the High Level Expert Group on AI. This article is at the same time a political signal to the European Standardisation Organisations (ESOs), which told us frequently that standardisation experts are waiting for directions. The political level should create a framework key requirements on meta level, which the ESOs could then translate into specified technical standards. Without clear political indications, ESOs will have problems to quickly adopt harmonised Standards.*

## **Amendment 62**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 5 – paragraph 1 – point a**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

(a) the placing on the market, putting into service or use of an AI system **that**

(a) the placing on the market, putting into service or use of an AI system **with the**

*deploys subliminal techniques beyond a person's consciousness in order to materially distort a person's behaviour in a manner that causes or is likely to cause that person or another person physical or psychological harm;*

*objective to significantly and materially distorting a person's behaviour or directly causing that person or another person significant harm;*

Or. en

## Amendment 63

### Proposal for a regulation Article 5 – paragraph 1 – point b

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(b) the placing on the market, putting into service or use of an AI system that exploits any of the vulnerabilities of a specific group of persons *due to their age, physical or mental disability, in order to materially distort the behaviour of a person pertaining to that group in a manner that causes or is likely to cause that person or another person physical or psychological harm;*

*Amendment*

(b) the placing on the market, putting into service or use of an AI system that exploits any of the vulnerabilities of a specific group of persons *with the objective to significantly and materially distort the behaviour of a person pertaining to that group to cause that person or another person significant harm;*

Or. en

## Amendment 64

### Proposal for a regulation Article 5 – paragraph 1 – point c – point i

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(i) detrimental or unfavourable treatment of certain natural persons or *whole* groups thereof in social contexts which are unrelated to the contexts in which the data was originally generated or collected;

*Amendment*

(i) detrimental or unfavourable treatment of certain natural persons or groups thereof in social contexts which are unrelated to the contexts in which the data was originally generated or collected;

Or. en

## Amendment 65

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 5 – paragraph 1 – point c – point ii

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(ii) detrimental or unfavourable treatment of certain natural persons or **whole** groups thereof that is unjustified or disproportionate to their social behaviour or its gravity;

*Amendment*

(ii) detrimental or unfavourable treatment of certain natural persons or groups thereof that is unjustified or disproportionate to their social behaviour or its gravity;

Or. en

## Amendment 66

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 5 – paragraph 1 – point d – introductory part

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(d) the use of ‘real-time’ remote biometric identification systems in publicly accessible spaces for the purpose of law enforcement, unless **and in as far as such use is strictly necessary** for one of the following objectives:

*Amendment*

(d) the use of ‘real-time’ remote biometric identification systems in publicly accessible spaces **by law enforcement authorities or on their behalf** for the purpose of law enforcement, unless **used** for one of the following objectives:

Or. en

## Amendment 67

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 5 – paragraph 3 – introductory part

*Text proposed by the Commission*

3. As regards paragraphs 1, point (d) and 2, each **individual** use for the purpose of law enforcement of a ‘real-time’ remote biometric identification system in publicly accessible spaces shall be subject to a prior authorisation granted by a judicial

*Amendment*

3. As regards paragraphs 1, point (d) and 2, each use for the purpose of law enforcement of a ‘real-time’ remote biometric identification system in publicly accessible spaces shall be subject to a prior authorisation granted by a judicial

authority or by an independent administrative authority of the Member State in which the use is to take place, issued upon a reasoned request and in accordance with the detailed rules of national law referred to in paragraph 4. However, in a duly justified situation of urgency, the use of the system may be commenced without an authorisation **and the** authorisation **may be** requested **only during or after the use**.

authority or by an independent administrative authority of the Member State in which the use is to take place, issued upon a reasoned request and in accordance with the detailed rules of national law referred to in paragraph. However, in a duly justified situation of urgency, the use of the system may be commenced without an authorisation **if such** authorisation **is** requested **without undue delay, and, if such authorisation is rejected, the system's use is stopped with immediate effect**.

Or. en

## Amendment 68

### Proposal for a regulation Article 5 – paragraph 4

#### *Text proposed by the Commission*

4. A Member State may decide to provide for the possibility to fully or partially authorise the use of ‘real-time’ remote biometric identification systems in publicly accessible spaces for the purpose of law enforcement within the limits and under the conditions listed in paragraphs 1, point (d), 2 and 3. That Member State shall lay down in its national law the necessary detailed rules for the request, issuance and exercise of, as well as supervision relating to, the authorisations referred to in paragraph 3. Those rules shall also specify in respect of which of the objectives listed in paragraph 1, point (d), including which of the criminal offences referred to in point (iii) thereof, the competent authorities may be authorised to use those systems for the purpose of law enforcement.

#### *Amendment*

4. A Member State may decide to provide for the possibility to fully or partially authorise the use of ‘real-time’ remote biometric identification systems in publicly accessible spaces for the purpose of law enforcement within the limits and under the conditions listed in paragraphs 1, point (d), 2 and 3. That Member State shall lay down in its national law the necessary detailed rules for the request, issuance and exercise of, as well as supervision **and reporting** relating to, the authorisations referred to in paragraph 3. Those rules shall also specify in respect of which of the objectives listed in paragraph 1, point (d), including which of the criminal offences referred to in point (iii) thereof, the competent authorities may be authorised to use those systems for the purpose of law enforcement.

Or. en

## Amendment 69

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 6 – paragraph 1 – introductory part

*Text proposed by the Commission*

1. *Irrespective of whether an AI system is placed on the market or put into service independently from the products referred to in points (a) and (b), that AI system shall be considered high-risk where both of the following conditions are fulfilled:*

*Amendment*

1. An AI system *that is itself a product* shall be considered as high risk if, under the applicable Union harmonisation legislation listed in Annex II, it is classified as high-risk or an equivalent thereof and has to undergo a third-party conformity assessment for meeting essential safety requirements prior to placing it on the market or putting it into service.

*An AI system intended to be used as a relevant safety component of a product under the applicable Union harmonisation legislation listed in Annex II, shall be considered as high risk if such Union harmonisation legislation classifies it as high-risk or an equivalent thereof and requires it to undergo a third-party conformity assessment for meeting essential safety requirements with a view to placing it on the market or putting it into service.*

Or. en

## Amendment 70

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 6 – paragraph 1 – point a

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(a) *the AI system is intended to be used as a safety component of a product, or is itself a product, covered by the Union harmonisation legislation listed in Annex II;*

*Amendment*

*deleted*

Or. en

## Amendment 71

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 6 – paragraph 1 – point b

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*(b) the product whose safety component is the AI system, or the AI system itself as a product, is required to undergo a third-party conformity assessment with a view to the placing on the market or putting into service of that product pursuant to the Union harmonisation legislation listed in Annex II.*

*Amendment*

*deleted*

Or. en

## Amendment 72

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 6 – paragraph 2

*Text proposed by the Commission*

2. In addition to the high-risk AI systems referred to in paragraph 1, AI systems *referred to in Annex III* shall also be considered high-risk.

*Amendment*

2. In addition to the high-risk AI systems referred to in paragraph 1, *an* AI systems shall also be considered high-risk *if its intended purpose means that it will be deployed in a critical area referred to in Annex III and in such a manner that significant harm is likely to arise. The provider of an AI system, where the intended purpose falls under a critical area referred to in Annex III, shall be required to carry out an assessment of the risks that could be posed to the health and safety or fundamental rights of potentially impacted persons.*

Or. en

## *Justification*

*We support the approach in the 2020 AI White Paper by the European Commission, which introduced a specific threshold to determine the risk of an AI system. Only when the sector as well as the intended use of the AI system involves significant risks, the AI system shall be considered as high risk. Unfortunately, the AI Act not only gave up on this balanced approach, the current Annex III is also way too broad and vague. As a result, it would categorize whole sectors as high risk, whereby numerous AI systems with hardly any risk would face the burdensome obligations of Chapter 2. In other words, this is not a risk-based approach! In contrast, our system reintroduces the White Paper threshold and makes sure that only those AI systems are categorized as “high risk” that fulfil clear and transparent criteria. An EU that strives for global leadership in AI will only be able to reach this goal with a truly risk-based approach that strikes the right balance between promoting innovation and protecting fundamental rights.*

### **Amendment 73**

#### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 6 – paragraph 2 a (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

**2a. This high risk assessment shall contain the following elements:**

**(a) a description of the AI system, including the intended purpose, the potential persons impacted, the extent to which any outcomes produced are subject to human review or intervention, and where applicable, the legitimate interest pursued by the user;**

**(b) an assessment of the potential benefits provided by the use of the AI system, as well as reticence risk and/or opportunity costs of not using the AI for individuals, groups of individuals, or society at large. This includes weighing the benefits of deploying the AI system against keeping the status quo;**

**(c) an assessment of any potential material risks of harm, including likelihood and severity of that harm, to the health and safety or fundamental rights of potentially impacted persons, including:**

(i) *the extent to which the AI system has already been evaluated and proven to have caused material harm as demonstrated by studies or reports published by the national competent authorities;*

(ii) *the extent to which potentially impacted persons are dependent on the outcome produced from the AI system, in particular because for practical or legal reasons it is not reasonably possible to opt-out from that outcome;*

(iii) *the extent to which the outcome produced by the AI system is easily reversible;*

(iv) *the extent to which potentially impacted persons are in a vulnerable position in relation to the user of the AI system, in particular due to an imbalance of power, knowledge, economic or social circumstances, or age.*

(d) *measures taken to address or mitigate the identified risks, including to the extent existing Union legislation provides for:*

(i) *effective measures of redress in relation to the risks posed by an AI system, with the exclusion of claims for damages;*

(ii) *effective measures to prevent or substantially minimise those risks.*

Or. en

## **Amendment 74**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 6 – paragraph 2 b (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

**2b. The Commission, in close cooperation with the Board and the High level Expert Group on AI, shall provide**

*guidelines for high risk assessments according to paragraph 3 as well as best practices, to serve as additional support for providers that aim to comply with this Article. The national competent authorities shall also provide direct consultation for providers in this regard.*

Or. en

## **Amendment 75**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 7 – paragraph 1 – introductory part**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

1. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 73 to update the list in Annex III by adding high-risk AI systems where both of the following conditions are fulfilled:

*Amendment*

1. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 73, *after ensuring adequate consultation with relevant stakeholders*, to update the list in Annex III by adding high-risk AI systems where both of the following conditions are fulfilled:

Or. en

## **Amendment 76**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 7 – paragraph 2 – point a a (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

*(aa) the general capabilities and functionalities of the AI system independent of its intended purpose;*

Or. en

**Amendment 77**

**Proposal for a regulation**

**Article 7 – paragraph 2 – point b a (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***(ba) the extent to which the AI system acts autonomously;***

Or. en

**Amendment 78**

**Proposal for a regulation**

**Article 7 – paragraph 2 – point e a (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***(ea) the potential misuse and malicious use of the AI system and of the technology underpinning it;***

Or. en

**Amendment 79**

**Proposal for a regulation**

**Article 7 – paragraph 2 – point g a (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***(ga) the extent of the availability and use of demonstrated technical solutions and mechanisms for the control, reliability and corrigibility of the AI system;***

Or. en

## **Amendment 80**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 7 – paragraph 2 – point g b (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***(gb) the extent of human oversight and the possibility for a human to intercede in order to override a decision;***

Or. en

## **Amendment 81**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 7 – paragraph 2 – point g c (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***(gc) magnitude and likelihood of benefit of the deployment of the AI system for individuals, groups, or society at large;***

Or. en

## **Amendment 82**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 7 – paragraph 2 – point g d (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***(gd) reticence risk and/or opportunity costs of not using the AI for individuals, groups of individuals, or society at large.***

Or. en

## Amendment 83

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 7 – paragraph 2 – point h – introductory part

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(h) the extent to which existing Union legislation provides for:

*Amendment*

(h) the extent to which existing Union legislation, ***in particular the GDPR***, provides for:

Or. en

## Amendment 84

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 8 – paragraph 1

*Text proposed by the Commission*

1. High-risk AI systems shall comply with the requirements established in this Chapter.

*Amendment*

1. High-risk AI systems shall comply with the ***essential*** requirements established in this Chapter, ***taking into account the generally acknowledged state of the art, including as reflected in relevant industry standards.***

Or. en

## Amendment 85

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 9 – paragraph 1

*Text proposed by the Commission*

1. A risk management system shall be established, implemented, documented and maintained in relation to high-risk AI systems.

*Amendment*

1. A risk management system shall be established, implemented, documented and maintained in relation to high-risk AI systems ***if the high-risk AI system poses a risk of harm to the health and safety or a risk of adverse impact on fundamental rights.***

Or. en

## Amendment 86

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 9 – paragraph 2 – introductory part

*Text proposed by the Commission*

2. The risk management system shall consist of a continuous iterative process run throughout the entire lifecycle of a high-risk AI system, requiring regular ***systematic updating***. It shall comprise the following steps:

*Amendment*

2. The risk management system shall consist of a continuous iterative process run throughout the entire lifecycle of a high-risk AI system, requiring regular ***review of the suitability of the risk management process***. It shall comprise the following steps:

Or. en

## Amendment 87

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 9 – paragraph 2 – point a

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(a) identification and analysis of the known and foreseeable risks ***associated with each*** high-risk AI system;

*Amendment*

(a) identification and analysis of the known and foreseeable risks ***of harms most likely to occur to the health, safety or to the fundamental rights in view of the intended purpose of the*** high-risk AI system;

Or. en

## Amendment 88

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 9 – paragraph 2 – point b

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(b) ***estimation and evaluation of the risks that may emerge when the high-risk AI system is used in accordance with its intended purpose and under conditions of***

*Amendment*

***deleted***

*reasonably foreseeable misuse;*

Or. en

## **Amendment 89**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 9 – paragraph 2 – point c**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(c) evaluation of *other possibly arising* risks based on the analysis of data gathered from the post-market monitoring system referred to in Article 61;

*Amendment*

(c) evaluation of *new risks consistent with those described in paragraph (2a) of this Article and identified* based on the analysis of data gathered from the post-market monitoring system referred to in Article 61;

Or. en

## **Amendment 90**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 9 – paragraph 2 – point d**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(d) adoption of *suitable* risk management measures in accordance with the provisions of the following paragraphs.

*Amendment*

(d) adoption of *appropriate and targeted* risk management measures, *designed to address identified known and foreseeable risks to health and safety or fundamental human rights*, in accordance with the provisions of the following paragraphs;

Or. en

## **Amendment 91**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 9 – paragraph 2 – point d a (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***(da) completion of a use-case specific and evidence-based trustworthy technology assessment taking into account the principles laid down in Article 4a.***

***The risks referred to in this paragraph shall concern only those which may be foreseen or reasonably mitigated or even eliminated through the development or design of the high-risk AI system, or the provision of adequate technical information.***

Or. en

## **Amendment 92**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 9 – paragraph 3**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

3. The risk management measures referred to in paragraph 2, point (d) shall give due consideration to the effects and possible interactions resulting from the combined application of the requirements set out in this Chapter 2. ***They shall take into account the generally acknowledged state of the art, including as reflected in relevant harmonised standards or common specifications.***

3. The risk management measures referred to in paragraph 2, point (d) shall give due consideration to the effects and possible interactions resulting from the combined application of the requirements set out in this Chapter 2, ***with a view to minimising risks more effectively while achieving an appropriate balance in implementing the measures to fulfil those requirements.***

Or. en

## **Amendment 93**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 9 – paragraph 4 – introductory part**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

4. The risk management measures referred to in paragraph 2, point (d) shall be such that any residual risk associated with each hazard as well as the overall residual risk of the high-risk AI systems is judged acceptable, provided that the high-risk AI system is used in accordance with its intended purpose *or under conditions of reasonably foreseeable misuse*. Those residual risks shall be communicated to the user.

*Amendment*

4. The risk management measures referred to in paragraph 2, point (d) shall be such that any **significant** residual risk associated with each hazard as well as the overall residual risk of the high-risk AI systems is **reasonably** judged **to be** acceptable, **having regards to the benefits that the high-risk AI system is reasonably expected to deliver and** provided that the high-risk AI system is used in accordance with its intended purpose. Those **significant** residual risks shall be communicated to the user.

Or. en

**Amendment 94**

**Proposal for a regulation**

**Article 9 – paragraph 4 – subparagraph 1 – introductory part**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

In identifying the most appropriate risk management measures, the following shall be **ensured**:

*Amendment*

In identifying the most appropriate risk management measures, the following shall be **pursued**:

Or. en

**Amendment 95**

**Proposal for a regulation**

**Article 9 – paragraph 4 – subparagraph 1 – point a**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(a) **elimination or** reduction of risks as far as **possible** through adequate design and development;

*Amendment*

(a) reduction of **identified and evaluated** risks as far as **commercially reasonable and technologically feasible** through adequate design and development **of the high risk AI system**;

## Amendment 96

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 9 – paragraph 4 – subparagraph 1 – point b

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

(b) *where appropriate, implementation of adequate mitigation and control measures in relation to risks that cannot be eliminated;* *deleted*

Or. en

## Amendment 97

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 9 – paragraph 4 – subparagraph 1 – point c

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

(c) *provision* of adequate information pursuant to Article 13, *in particular as regards the risks referred to in paragraph 2, point (b) of this Article*, and, where appropriate, training to users.

(c) *provisions* of adequate information pursuant to Article 13, and, where appropriate, training to users.

Or. en

## Amendment 98

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 9 – paragraph 4 – subparagraph 2

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

In *eliminating or* reducing risks related to the use of the high-risk AI system, due consideration shall be given to the technical knowledge, experience, education, training to be expected by the user and the environment in which the

In reducing risks related to the use of the high-risk AI system, due consideration shall be given to the technical knowledge, experience, education, training to be expected by the user and the environment

system is intended to be used.

in which the system is intended to be used.

Or. en

## Amendment 99

### Proposal for a regulation Article 9 – paragraph 5

*Text proposed by the Commission*

5. High-risk AI systems shall be **tested** for the purposes of identifying the most appropriate risk management measures. **Testing** shall ensure that high-risk AI systems **perform consistently for their intended purpose and they** are in compliance with the requirements set out in this Chapter.

*Amendment*

5. High-risk AI systems shall be **evaluated** for the purposes of identifying the most appropriate **and targeted** risk management measures **and weighing any such measures against the potential benefits and intended goals of the system**. **Evaluations** shall ensure that high-risk AI systems are in compliance with the **relevant** requirements set out in this Chapter.

Or. en

## Amendment 100

### Proposal for a regulation Article 9 – paragraph 9

*Text proposed by the Commission*

9. For **credit institutions regulated by Directive 2013/36/EU**, the aspects described in paragraphs 1 to 8 **shall be part of the risk management** procedures established by **those institutions pursuant to Article 74 of that Directive**.

*Amendment*

9. For **providers and AI systems already covered by Union law that require them to carry out specific risk assessments**, the aspects described in paragraphs 1 to 8 **may be combined with the risk assessment** procedures established by **that Union law or deemed to be covered as part of it**.

Or. en

## Amendment 101

### Proposal for a regulation Article 10 – paragraph 1

*Text proposed by the Commission*

1. High-risk AI systems which make use of techniques involving the training of models with data shall be developed on the basis of training, validation and testing data sets that meet the quality criteria referred to in paragraphs 2 to 5.

*Amendment*

1. High-risk AI systems which make use of techniques involving the training of models with data shall be, ***as far as this can be reasonably expected and is feasible from a technical point of view***, developed on the basis of training, validation and testing data sets that meet the quality criteria referred to in paragraphs 2 to 5.

Or. en

## Amendment 102

### Proposal for a regulation Article 10 – paragraph 2 – introductory part

*Text proposed by the Commission*

2. Training, validation and testing data sets shall be subject to appropriate data governance and management practices. Those practices shall concern ***in particular***,

*Amendment*

2. Training, validation and testing data sets shall be subject to appropriate data governance and management practices ***for the entire lifecycle of data processing***. Those practices shall concern, ***where relevant***,

Or. en

## Amendment 103

### Proposal for a regulation Article 10 – paragraph 2 – point a

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(a) the ***relevant*** design choices;

*Amendment*

(a) the design choices;

Or. en

## Amendment 104

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 10 – paragraph 2 – point c

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(c) **relevant** data preparation processing operations, such as annotation, labelling, cleaning, enrichment and aggregation;

*Amendment*

(c) data preparation processing operations, such as annotation, labelling, cleaning, enrichment and aggregation;

Or. en

## Amendment 105

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 10 – paragraph 2 – point e

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(e) **a prior assessment of the availability, quantity and suitability of the data sets that are needed;**

*Amendment*

*deleted*

Or. en

## Amendment 106

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 10 – paragraph 2 – point f

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(f) examination in view of possible biases;

*Amendment*

(f) examination in view of possible biases **that are likely to affect health and safety of persons or lead to discrimination prohibited by Union law;**

Or. en

## Amendment 107

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 10 – paragraph 2 – point g

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(g) the identification of ***any possible*** data gaps or shortcomings, and how those gaps and shortcomings can be addressed.

*Amendment*

(g) the identification of ***significant*** data gaps or shortcomings, and how those gaps and shortcomings can be addressed.

Or. en

## Amendment 108

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 10 – paragraph 2 – point g a (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***(ga) the context of the use as well as the intended purpose of the AI system.***

Or. en

## Amendment 109

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 10 – paragraph 3

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

3. Training, validation and testing data sets ***shall be*** relevant, representative, ***free of errors and complete. They shall have the appropriate statistical properties, including, where applicable, as regards the persons or groups of persons on which the high-risk AI system is intended to be used.*** These characteristics of the data sets may be met at the level of individual ***data sets*** or a combination thereof.

3. ***High risk AI systems should be designed and developed with the best efforts to ensure that, where appropriate, training datasets, validation and testing data sets are sufficiently relevant and representative in view of the intended purpose of the AI system.*** These characteristics of the data sets may be met at the level of individual ***datasets*** or a combination thereof.

Or. en

## Amendment 110

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 10 – paragraph 3 a (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

**3a.** *In assessing the quality of a data set, account shall be taken to the extent to which the data set is constructed with a view to fulfilling in particular the following aspects:*

**a)** *provides a similar output for relevant demographic Groups impacted by the system;*

**b)** *minimizes disparities in outcomes for relevant demographic groups impacted by the system, in case where the system allocates resources or opportunities to natural persons;*

**c)** *minimizes the potential for stereotyping, demeaning, or erasing relevant demographic groups impacted by the system where the system describes, depicts, or otherwise represents people, cultures, or society.*

Or. en

## Amendment 111

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 10 – paragraph 4

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

**4.** *Training, validation and testing data sets shall take into account, to the extent required by the intended purpose, the characteristics or elements that are particular to the specific geographical, behavioural or functional setting within which the high-risk AI system is intended to be used.*

**4.** *The processing of lawfully collected personal data to train, validate and test data sets of an AI system with the purpose of meeting the requirements of this regulation shall be considered a legitimate interest for the provider or user in accordance with Article 6(1f) GDPR as well as a compatible purpose in*

*accordance with Article 6(4) GDPR as long as appropriate safeguards in line with Article 89 GDPR are in place to prevent abusive processing of personal data.*

Or. en

## **Amendment 112**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 10 – paragraph 5**

#### *Text proposed by the Commission*

5. To the extent that it is strictly necessary for the purposes of ensuring bias monitoring, detection and correction in relation to the high-risk AI systems, the providers of such systems may process special categories of personal data referred to in Article 9(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, **Article 10** of Directive (EU) 2016/680 and Article 10(1) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725, subject to appropriate safeguards for the fundamental rights and freedoms of natural persons, including technical limitations on the re-use and use of state-of-the-art security and privacy-preserving measures, such as pseudonymisation, or encryption where anonymisation may significantly affect the purpose pursued.

#### *Amendment*

5. To the extent that it is strictly necessary for the purposes of ensuring bias monitoring, detection and correction in relation to the high-risk AI systems the providers of such systems may **also** process special categories of personal data referred to in Article 9(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, **Article 10** of Directive (EU) 2016/680 and Article 10(1) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725, subject to appropriate safeguards for the fundamental rights and freedoms of natural persons, including:

(i) technical limitations on the re-use and use of state-of-the-art security and privacy-preserving measures, such as pseudonymisation, or encryption where anonymisation may significantly affect the purpose pursued;

(ii) ***measures ensuring confidentiality, integrity, availability and resilience of processing systems and services, and the ability to restore the availability and access to special category personal data in a timely manner in the event of a physical or technical incident;***

*(iii) processes for regularly testing, assessing and evaluating the effectiveness of technical and organisational measures in order to ensure the security of the processing;*

*(iv) measures for user identification, authorisation, protection of data during transmission, protection of data during storage, ensuring physical security of locations at which personal data are processed, internal IT and IT security governance and management, certification/assurance of processes and products;*

*(v) measures for ensuring data minimisation, data quality, limited data retention, and data portability and ensuring erasure.*

Or. en

## **Amendment 113**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 10 – paragraph 6 a (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

*6a. Providers and user may comply with the obligations set out in this Article through the use of third-parties that offer certified compliance services including verification of data governance, data set integrity, and datatraining, validation and testing practices.*

Or. en

## **Amendment 114**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 11 – paragraph 1 – introductory part**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

1. The technical documentation of a high-risk AI system shall be drawn up before that system is placed on the market or put into service and shall be kept up-to date.

*Amendment*

1. The technical documentation of a high-risk AI system shall be drawn up, ***where possible, relevant and without compromising intellectual property rights or trade secrets***, before that system is placed on the market or put into service and shall be kept up-to date.

Or. en

**Amendment 115**

**Proposal for a regulation**

**Article 11 – paragraph 1 – subparagraph 1**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

The technical documentation shall be drawn up in such a way to demonstrate that the high-risk AI system complies with the requirements set out in this Chapter and provide national competent authorities and notified bodies with all the necessary information to assess the compliance of the AI system with those requirements. It shall contain, at a minimum, the elements set out in Annex IV.

*Amendment*

The technical documentation shall be drawn up, ***where possible, relevant and without compromising intellectual property rights or trade secrets***, in such a way to demonstrate that the high-risk AI system complies with the requirements set out in this Chapter and provide national competent authorities and notified bodies with all the necessary information to assess the compliance of the AI system with those requirements. It shall contain, at a minimum, the elements set out in Annex IV.

Or. en

**Amendment 116**

**Proposal for a regulation**

**Article 11 – paragraph 2**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

2. Where a high-risk AI system related to a product, to which the legal acts

*Amendment*

2. Where a high-risk AI system related to a product, to which the legal acts

listed in Annex II, section A apply, is placed on the market or put into service **one single** technical documentation shall be drawn up containing all the information set out in Annex IV as well as the information required under those legal acts.

listed in Annex II, section A apply, is placed on the market or put into service **appropriate** technical documentation shall be drawn up containing all the information set out in Annex IV as well as the information required under those legal acts.

Or. en

## Amendment 117

### Proposal for a regulation Article 12 – paragraph 1

*Text proposed by the Commission*

1. High-risk AI systems shall **be designed and developed with capabilities enabling** the automatic recording of events ('logs') **while the high-risk AI systems is operating. Those logging capabilities shall conform to recognised standards or common specifications.**

*Amendment*

1. High-risk AI systems shall **technically allow** the automatic recording of events ('logs') **over the duration of the lifecycle of the system as long as these logs are in compliance with the GDPR.**

Or. en

## Amendment 118

### Proposal for a regulation Article 12 – paragraph 2

*Text proposed by the Commission*

2. **The logging capabilities shall** ensure a level of traceability of the AI system's functioning **throughout its lifecycle that** is appropriate to the intended purpose of the system.

*Amendment*

2. **In order to** ensure a level of traceability of the AI system's functioning, **which** is appropriate to the intended purpose of the system, **the logging capabilities shall enable the recording of events relevant for the identification of situations that may:**

(i) **result in the AI system presenting a risk within the meaning of Article 65(1);**  
**or**

(ii) **lead to a substantial modification**

*that facilitate the post-market monitoring referred to in Article 61.*

Or. en

## **Amendment 119**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 12 – paragraph 3**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

**3.** *In particular, logging capabilities shall enable the monitoring of the operation of the high-risk AI system with respect to the occurrence of situations that may result in the AI system presenting a risk within the meaning of Article 65(1) or lead to a substantial modification, and facilitate the post-market monitoring referred to in Article 61.* **deleted**

Or. en

## **Amendment 120**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 12 – paragraph 4**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

**4.** *For high-risk AI systems referred to in paragraph 1, point (a) of Annex III, the logging capabilities shall provide, at a minimum:* **deleted**

**(a)** *recording of the period of each use of the system (start date and time and end date and time of each use);*

**(b)** *the reference database against which input data has been checked by the system;*

**(c)** *the input data for which the search*

*has led to a match;*

*(d) the identification of the natural persons involved in the verification of the results, as referred to in Article 14 (5).*

Or. en

## Amendment 121

### Proposal for a regulation Article 13 – paragraph 1

*Text proposed by the Commission*

1. High-risk AI systems shall be designed and developed in such a way to ensure that their operation is sufficiently transparent *to enable users to interpret the system's output and use it appropriately. An appropriate type and degree of transparency shall be ensured*, with a view to achieving compliance with the relevant obligations of the user and of the provider set out in Chapter 3 of this Title.

*Amendment*

1. High-risk AI systems shall be designed and developed in such a way to ensure that their operation is sufficiently transparent, with a view to achieving compliance with the relevant obligations of the user and of the provider set out in Chapter 3 of this Title. *Transparency shall thereby mean that, to the extent that can be reasonably expected and is feasible in technical terms at the time when the AI system is placed on the market, the AI system is interpretable to the provider, in that the provider can understand the rationale of decisions taken by the high risk AI system, while enabling the user to understand and use the AI system appropriately, by generally knowing how the AI system works and what data it ingests.*

Or. en

## Amendment 122

### Proposal for a regulation Article 13 – paragraph 2

*Text proposed by the Commission*

2. High-risk AI systems shall be accompanied by instructions for use in an

*Amendment*

2. High-risk AI systems shall be accompanied by instructions for use in an

appropriate digital format or otherwise that include concise, **complete**, correct and clear information that is relevant, accessible and comprehensible to users.

appropriate digital format or otherwise that include concise, correct and clear information that **helps supporting informed decision-making by users and** is relevant, accessible and comprehensible to users

Or. en

## Amendment 123

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 13 – paragraph 3 – introductory part

*Text proposed by the Commission*

3. **The** information referred to in paragraph 2 shall specify:

*Amendment*

3. **To the extent necessary to achieve the outcomes referred to in paragraph 1,** information referred to in paragraph 2 shall specify:

Or. en

## Amendment 124

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 13 – paragraph 3 – point a

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(a) the identity and the contact details of the provider and, where applicable, of **its** authorised **representative**;

*Amendment*

(a) the identity and the contact details of the **entity or entities responsible for the AI system's compliance with this Act, regardless of their qualification as provider or user** and, where applicable, of **their** authorised **representatives**;

Or. en

## Amendment 125

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 13 – paragraph 3 – point b – point ii

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(ii) the level of accuracy, robustness and cybersecurity referred to in Article 15 against which the high-risk AI system has been tested and validated and which can be expected, ***and any known and foreseeable circumstances that may have an impact on that expected level of accuracy, robustness and cybersecurity;***

*Amendment*

(ii) the level of accuracy, robustness and cybersecurity referred to in Article 15 against which the high-risk AI system has been tested and validated and which can be expected;

Or. en

**Amendment 126**

**Proposal for a regulation**

**Article 13 – paragraph 3 – point b – point iii**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(iii) ***any known or foreseeable circumstance, related to the use of the high-risk AI system in accordance with its intended purpose or under conditions of reasonably foreseeable misuse, which may lead to risks to the health and safety or fundamental rights;***

*Amendment*

*deleted*

Or. en

**Amendment 127**

**Proposal for a regulation**

**Article 13 – paragraph 3 – point c**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(c) the changes to the high-risk AI system ***and its performance which have been pre-determined by the provider at the moment of the initial conformity assessment, if any;***

*Amendment*

(c) the changes to the high-risk AI system;

Or. en

## Amendment 128

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 13 – paragraph 3 – point e

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(e) ***the expected lifetime of the high-risk AI system*** and any necessary maintenance and care measures to ensure the proper functioning of that AI system, including as regards software updates.

*Amendment*

(e) and any necessary maintenance and care measures to ensure the proper functioning of that AI system, including as regards software updates.

Or. en

## Amendment 129

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 13 – paragraph 3 – point e a (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***(ea) a description of the mechanisms included within the AI system that allow users to properly collect, store and interpret the logs in accordance with Article 12(1), where relevant.***

Or. en

## Amendment 130

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 14 – paragraph 1

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

1. High-risk AI systems shall be designed and developed in such a way, including with appropriate human-machine interface tools, that they ***can*** be effectively overseen by natural persons during the period in which the AI system is in use.

1. ***Where proportionate to the risks associated with the high-risk system and where technical safeguards are not sufficient***, high-risk AI systems shall be designed and developed in such a way, including with appropriate human-machine interface tools, that they be effectively

overseen by natural persons during the period in which the AI system is in use.

Or. en

## Amendment 131

### Proposal for a regulation Article 14 – paragraph 2

*Text proposed by the Commission*

2. Human oversight shall aim at preventing or minimising the risks to health, safety or fundamental rights that may emerge when a high-risk AI system is used in accordance with its intended purpose ***or under conditions of reasonably foreseeable misuse***, in particular when such risks persist notwithstanding the application of other requirements set out in this Chapter.

*Amendment*

2. Human oversight shall aim at preventing or minimising the risks to health, safety or fundamental rights that may emerge when a high-risk AI system is used in accordance with its intended purpose, in particular when such risks persist notwithstanding the application of other requirements set out in this Chapter.

Or. en

## Amendment 132

### Proposal for a regulation Article 14 – paragraph 3 – introductory part

*Text proposed by the Commission*

3. Human oversight shall be ensured through either one or all of the following measures:

*Amendment*

3. ***The degree of*** human oversight ***shall be adapted to the specific risks, the level of automation, and context of the AI system and*** shall be ensured through either one or all of the following ***types of*** measures:

Or. en

## Amendment 133

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 14 – paragraph 4 – introductory part

*Text proposed by the Commission*

4. *The measures referred to in paragraph 3 shall enable the individuals to whom human oversight is assigned to do the following*, as appropriate to the circumstances:

*Amendment*

4. *For the purpose of implementing paragraphs 1 to 3, the high-risk AI system shall be provided to the user in such a way that natural persons to whom human oversight is assigned are enabled*, as appropriate *and proportionate* to the circumstances *and in accordance with industry standards*:

Or. en

## Amendment 134

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 14 – paragraph 4 – point a

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(a) *fully* understand the capacities and limitations of the high-risk AI system and be able to duly monitor its operation, *so that signs of anomalies, dysfunctions and unexpected performance can be detected and addressed as soon as possible*;

*Amendment*

(a) *to be aware of and sufficiently* understand the *relevant* capacities and limitations of the high-risk AI system and be able to duly monitor its operation;

Or. en

## Amendment 135

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 14 – paragraph 4 – point b

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(b) remain aware of the possible tendency of automatically relying or over-relying on the output produced by a high-risk AI system (‘automation bias’), *in*

*Amendment*

(b) remain aware of the possible tendency of automatically relying or over-relying on the output produced by a high-risk AI system (‘automation bias’);

*particular for high-risk AI systems used to provide information or recommendations for decisions to be taken by natural persons;*

Or. en

## **Amendment 136**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 14 – paragraph 4 – point c**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(c) *be able* to correctly interpret the high-risk AI system’s output, taking into account *in particular the characteristics of the system and* the interpretation tools and methods available;

*Amendment*

(c) to correctly interpret the high-risk AI system’s output, taking into account *for example* the interpretation tools and methods available;

Or. en

## **Amendment 137**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 14 – paragraph 4 – point e**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(e) be able to intervene on the operation of the high-risk AI system or interrupt the system through a “stop” button or a similar procedure.

*Amendment*

(e) be able to intervene on the operation of the high-risk AI system or interrupt, *where reasonable and technically feasible*, the system through a “stop” button or a similar procedure, *except if the human interference increases the risks or would negatively impact the performance in consideration of generally acknowledged state-of-the-art.*

Or. en

## Amendment 138

### Proposal for a regulation Article 15 – paragraph 1

*Text proposed by the Commission*

1. High-risk AI systems shall be designed and developed in such a way that they achieve, in the light of their intended purpose, an appropriate level of accuracy, robustness and cybersecurity, and perform consistently in those respects throughout their lifecycle.

*Amendment*

1. High-risk AI systems shall be designed and developed in such a way that they achieve, in the light of their intended purpose ***and to the extent that can be reasonably expected and is in accordance with relevant industrial standards***, an appropriate level of accuracy, ***reliability***, robustness and cybersecurity, and ***the basic pillars of information security and protection, such as confidentiality, integrity and availability as well as to*** perform consistently in those respects throughout their lifecycle ***while taking their evolving nature into account***.

Or. en

## Amendment 139

### Proposal for a regulation Article 15 – paragraph 2

*Text proposed by the Commission*

2. The ***levels of accuracy*** and the ***relevant accuracy metrics of high-risk AI systems*** shall be declared in the accompanying instructions of use.

*Amendment*

2. The ***range of expected performance***, and the ***operational factors that affect that performance***, shall be declared, ***where possible***, in the accompanying instructions of use.

Or. en

## Amendment 140

### Proposal for a regulation Article 15 – paragraph 3 – introductory part

*Text proposed by the Commission*

3. High-risk **AI** systems shall be **resilient** as regards errors, faults or inconsistencies that may occur within the system or the environment in which the system operates, in particular due to their interaction with natural persons or other systems.

*Amendment*

3. High-risk systems shall be **designed and developed with safety and security-by-design mechanism so that they achieve, in the light of their intended purpose, an appropriate level of cyber resilience** as regards errors, faults or inconsistencies that may occur within the system or the environment in which the system operates, in particular due to their interaction with natural persons or other systems.

Or. en

**Amendment 141**

**Proposal for a regulation  
Article 15 – paragraph 3 – subparagraph 1**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

The robustness of high-risk AI systems may be achieved through technical redundancy solutions, which may include backup or fail-safe plans.

*Amendment*

The robustness of high-risk AI systems may be achieved through **diverse** technical redundancy solutions, which may include **reasonably designed** backup or fail-safe plans **by the appropriate provider or user or as mutually agreed by the provider and the user**.

Or. en

**Amendment 142**

**Proposal for a regulation  
Article 15 – paragraph 3 – subparagraph 2**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

High-risk AI systems that continue to learn after being placed on the market or put into service shall be developed in such a way to ensure that possibly biased outputs **due to outputs used as an** input for future

*Amendment*

High-risk AI systems that continue to learn after being placed on the market or put into service shall be developed in such a way to ensure that possibly biased outputs **that influence the** input for future operations

operations ('feedback loops') are duly addressed with appropriate mitigation measures.

('feedback loops') are duly addressed with appropriate mitigation measures.

Or. en

#### **Amendment 143**

##### **Proposal for a regulation Article 15 – paragraph 3 a (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

**3a. In accordance with Article 42(2), the compliance with Article 15 for high-risk AI system that have already been certified or for which a statement of conformity has been issued under a cybersecurity scheme pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2019/881 shall be assumed.**

Or. en

#### **Amendment 144**

##### **Proposal for a regulation Article 15 – paragraph 4 – subparagraph 1**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

The technical solutions ***aimed at ensuring*** the cybersecurity of high-risk AI systems shall be appropriate to the relevant circumstances and the risks.

The technical solutions ***and organisational measures designed to uphold*** the cybersecurity of high-risk AI systems shall be appropriate to the relevant circumstances and the risks.

Or. en

#### **Amendment 145**

##### **Proposal for a regulation Article 15 – paragraph 4 – subparagraph 2**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

**The** technical solutions **to address AI specific vulnerabilities shall** include, where appropriate, measures to prevent and control for attacks trying to manipulate the training dataset (‘data poisoning’), inputs designed to cause the model to make a mistake (‘adversarial examples’), **or** model flaws.

*Amendment*

Technical solutions **may** include, where appropriate, measures to prevent and control for attacks trying to manipulate the training dataset (‘data poisoning’), inputs designed to cause the model to make a mistake (‘adversarial examples’), model flaws, **or exploratory attacks that may aim to extract knowledge, algorithms, trade secrets or training information from the AI.**

Or. en

#### **Amendment 146**

##### **Proposal for a regulation Article 16 – paragraph 1 – point a**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(a) ensure that their high-risk AI systems are compliant with the requirements set out in Chapter 2 of this Title;

*Amendment*

(a) ensure that their high-risk AI systems are compliant with the requirements set out in Chapter 2 of this Title, **including the requirement to conduct an ethical technology assessment as part of Article 9(2)(da);**

Or. en

#### **Amendment 147**

##### **Proposal for a regulation Article 16 – paragraph 1 – point a (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

**(aa) indicate their name, registered trade name or registered trade mark, the address at which they can be contacted on the high-risk AI system or, where that is not possible, on its packaging or its accompanying documentation, as**

*applicable;*

Or. en

## **Amendment 148**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 16 – paragraph 1 – point b**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

(b) *have a quality management system in place which complies with Article 17;* *deleted*

Or. en

## **Amendment 149**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 16 – paragraph 1 – point c**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

(c) *draw-up the technical documentation of the high-risk AI system;* (c) *keep the* documentation *referred to in Article 18;*

Or. en

## **Amendment 150**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 16 – paragraph 1 – point e**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

(e) *ensure that the high-risk AI system undergoes* the relevant conformity assessment procedure, prior to its placing on the market or putting into service; (e) *carry out* the relevant conformity assessment procedure, prior to its placing on the market or putting into service;

Or. en

## Amendment 151

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 16 – paragraph 1 – point j

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(j) upon request of a national competent authority, demonstrate the conformity of the high-risk AI system **with the requirements set out in Chapter 2 of this Title.**

*Amendment*

(j) upon **reasoned** request of a national competent authority, **provide the relevant information and documentation to** demonstrate the conformity of the high-risk AI system.

Or. en

## Amendment 152

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 17

*Text proposed by the Commission*

[...]

*Amendment*

**deleted**

Or. en

*Justification*

*Requiring every provider to establish a quality management system for a high-risk system is disproportionate and unjustified. It would create huge costs and administrative burdens. At the same time, it does not have added value as most of its element are already or can at least be included in the risk assessment of Art 9. Moreover, many AI systems already fall under existing quality management system, such as those defined by ISO 9001. If the EU wants to promote innovation in AI, in particular by European SMEs and start-ups, it must not overburden them with unnecessary obligations.*

## Amendment 153

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 18 – paragraph 1

*Text proposed by the Commission*

1. **Providers of high-risk AI systems** shall **draw up** the technical **documen-tation** referred to in Article 11 **in**

*Amendment*

1. **The provider** shall, **for a period of 3 years after the AI system has been placed on the market or put into service,**

accordance with Annex IV.

**keep at the disposal of the national competent authorities:**

(a) the technical *documentation* referred to in Article 11 *and* Annex IV;

(b) *the documentation concerning the changes approved by notified bodies where applicable;*

(c) *the decisions and other documents issued by the notified bodies where applicable;*

(d) *the EU declaration of conformity referred to in Article 48.*

Or. en

## Amendment 154

### Proposal for a regulation Article 20 – paragraph 1

*Text proposed by the Commission*

1. Providers of high-risk AI systems shall keep the logs automatically generated by their high-risk AI systems, to the extent such logs are under their control by *virtue of a contractual arrangement with the user or otherwise by law. The logs shall be kept for a period that is appropriate in the light of the intended purpose of high-risk AI system and applicable legal obligations under* Union or national law.

*Amendment*

1. Providers of high-risk AI systems shall keep the logs automatically generated by their high-risk AI systems, to the extent such logs are under their control by *law as well as under their factual control and to the extent that it is technically feasible. They shall keep them for a period of at least six months, unless provided otherwise in* applicable Union or national law.

Or. en

## Amendment 155

### Proposal for a regulation Article 21 – paragraph 1

*Text proposed by the Commission*

Providers of high-risk AI systems which

*Amendment*

Providers of high-risk AI systems which

consider or have reason to consider that a high-risk AI system which they have placed on the market or put into service is not in conformity with this Regulation shall immediately take the necessary corrective actions to bring that system into conformity, to withdraw it or to recall it, as appropriate. They shall inform the distributors of the high-risk AI system in question and, where applicable, the authorised representative and importers accordingly.

consider or have reason to consider that a high-risk AI system which they have placed on the market or put into service is not in conformity with this Regulation shall immediately, ***where applicable, investigate the causes in collaboration with the user and*** take the necessary corrective actions to bring that system into conformity, to withdraw it or to recall it, as appropriate. They shall inform the distributors of the high-risk AI system in question and, where applicable, the authorised representative and importers accordingly.

Or. en

## Amendment 156

### Proposal for a regulation Article 22 – paragraph 1

#### *Text proposed by the Commission*

Where the high-risk AI system presents a risk within the meaning of Article 65(1) and that risk is known to the provider of the system, that provider shall immediately inform the ***national competent*** authorities of the Member States in which it made the system available and, where applicable, the notified body that issued a certificate for the high-risk AI system, in particular of the non-compliance and of any corrective actions taken.

#### *Amendment*

Where the high-risk AI system presents a risk within the meaning of Article 65(1) and that risk is known to the provider of the system, that provider shall immediately inform the ***market surveillance*** authorities of the Member States in which it made the system available and, where applicable, the notified body that issued a certificate for the high-risk AI system, in particular of the non-compliance and of any ***relevant*** corrective actions taken ***by the provider***.

Or. en

## Amendment 157

### Proposal for a regulation Article 23 – paragraph 1

*Text proposed by the Commission*

Providers of high-risk AI systems shall, upon request by a national competent authority, provide that authority with all the information and documentation necessary to demonstrate the conformity of the high-risk AI system with the requirements set out in Chapter 2 of this Title, in an official Union language determined by the Member State concerned. Upon a reasoned request from a national competent authority, providers shall also give that authority access to the logs automatically generated by the high-risk AI system, to the extent such logs are under their control by virtue of a contractual arrangement with the user or otherwise by law.

*Amendment*

Providers of high-risk AI systems shall, upon ***a reasoned*** request by a national competent authority, provide that authority with all the information and documentation necessary to demonstrate the conformity of the high-risk AI system with the requirements set out in Chapter 2 of this Title, in an official Union language determined by the Member State concerned. Upon a reasoned request from a national competent authority, providers shall also give that authority access to the logs automatically generated by the high-risk AI system, to the extent such logs are under their control by virtue of a contractual arrangement with the user or otherwise by law. ***Any information submitted in accordance with the provision of this article shall be considered by the national competent authority a trade secret of the company that is submitting such information and kept strictly confidential.***

Or. en

**Amendment 158**

**Proposal for a regulation  
Article 23 a (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***Article 23 a***

***Conditions for other persons to be subject to the obligations of a provider***

***1. Concerning high risk AI systems any natural or legal person shall be considered a provider for the purposes of this Regulation and shall be subject to the obligations of the provider under Article 16, in any of the following circumstances:***

*(a) they put their name or trademark on a high-risk AI system already placed on the market or put into service, without prejudice to contractual arrangements stipulating that the obligations are allocated otherwise;*

*(b) they make a substantial modification to or modify the intended purpose of a high-risk AI system already placed on the market or put into service;*

*(c) they modify the intended purpose of a non-high-risk AI system already placed on the market or put it to service, in a way which makes the modified system a high-risk AI system;*

*(d) they adapt a general purpose AI system to a specific intended purpose and placed it on the market or put it into service.*

*2. Where the circumstances referred to in paragraph 1 occur, the provider that initially placed the high-risk AI system on the market or put it into service shall no longer be considered a provider for the purposes of this Regulation.*

*The initial provider subject to the previous sentence, shall upon request and without compromising its own intellectual property rights or trade secrets, provide the new provider referred to in paragraph (1a), (1b) or (1c) with all essential, relevant and reasonably expected information that is necessary to comply with the obligations set out in this Regulation.*

*The provider of a general purpose AI system shall, after placing it on the market or putting it to service and without compromising its own intellectual property rights or trade secrets, provide the new provider referred to in paragraph (1d) with all essential, relevant and reasonably expected information that is necessary to comply with the obligations set out in this Regulation.*

**3. For high-risk AI systems that are safety components of products to which the legal acts listed in Annex II, section A apply, the manufacturer of those products shall be considered the provider of the high-risk AI system and shall be subject to the obligations referred to in Article 16 under either of the following scenarios:**

**(i) the high-risk AI system is placed on the market together with the product under the name or trademark of the product manufacturer; or**

**(ii) the high-risk AI system is put into service under the name or trademark of the product manufacturer after the product has been placed on the market.**

**4. Third parties involved in the sale and the supply of software including general purpose application programming interfaces (API), software tools and components, providers who develop and train AI systems on behalf of a deploying company in accordance with their instruction, or providers of network services shall not be considered providers for the purposes of this Regulation.**

Or. en

#### *Justification*

*AI technologies are highly complex and are often based on components and inputs from various actors worldwide. Those various actors as well as their roles within the supply chain were so far however not adequately addressed by the Commission's proposal. Based on the Council's latest proposal, this article in combination with Art 16, 25, 26, 27, 29 tries to clarify which actor is responsible in which situation and tries to strike the right balance, in particular when it comes to the responsibilities of producers and users.*

#### **Amendment 159**

#### **Proposal for a regulation Article 24 – paragraph 1**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***Where a high-risk AI system related to products to which the legal acts listed in Annex II, section A, apply, is placed on the market or put into service together with the product manufactured in accordance with those legal acts and under the name of the product manufacturer, the manufacturer of the product shall take the responsibility of the compliance of the AI system with this Regulation and, as far as the AI system is concerned, have the same obligations imposed by the present Regulation on the provider.***

***deleted***

Or. en

## **Amendment 160**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 25 – paragraph 1**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

1. Prior to making their systems available on the Union market, ***where an importer cannot be identified***, providers established outside the Union shall, by written mandate, appoint an authorised representative which is established in the Union.

1. Prior to making their systems available on the Union market providers established outside the Union shall, by written mandate, appoint an authorised representative which is established in the Union.

Or. en

## **Amendment 161**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 25 – paragraph 2 – introductory part**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

2. The authorised representative shall

2. The authorised representative shall

perform the tasks specified in the mandate received from the provider. The mandate shall empower the authorised representative to carry out the following tasks:

perform the tasks specified in the mandate received from the provider. ***For the purpose of this Regulation***, the mandate shall empower the authorised representative to carry out ***only*** the following tasks:

Or. en

## Amendment 162

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 25 – paragraph 2 – point a

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(a) ***keep a copy of*** the EU declaration of conformity and the technical documentation ***at the disposal of the national competent authorities and national authorities referred to in Article 63(7)***;

*Amendment*

(a) ***verify that*** the EU declaration of conformity and the technical documentation ***have been drawn up and that an appropriate conformity assessment procedure has been carried out by the provider***;

Or. en

## Amendment 163

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 25 – paragraph 2 – point b a (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(ba) ***keep at the disposal of the national competent authorities and national authorities referred to in Article 63(7), for a period ending 3 years after the high-risk AI system has been placed on the market or put into service, a copy of the EU declaration of conformity, the technical documentation and, if applicable, the certificate issued by the notified body***;

Or. en

## Amendment 164

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 25 – paragraph 2 – point c

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(c) cooperate with competent ***national*** authorities, upon a reasoned request, on any action the latter takes in relation to the high-risk AI system.

*Amendment*

(c) cooperate with ***national*** competent authorities, upon a reasoned request, on any action the latter takes in relation to the high-risk AI system.

Or. en

## Amendment 165

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 25 – paragraph 2 – point c a (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***(ca) comply with the registration obligations referred to in Article 51 or, if the registration is carried out by the provider itself, verify that the information referred to in point 3 of Annex VIII is correct.***

***The authorised representative shall terminate the mandate if it considers or has reason to consider that the provider acts contrary to its obligations under this Regulation. In such a case, it shall also immediately inform the market surveillance authority of the Member State in which it is established, as well as, where applicable, the relevant notified body, about the termination of the mandate and the reasons thereof.***

Or. en

## Amendment 166

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 26 – paragraph 1 – introductory part

*Text proposed by the Commission*

1. Before placing a high-risk AI system on the market, importers of such system shall ensure that:

*Amendment*

1. Before placing a high-risk AI system on the market, importers of such system shall ensure that ***such a system is in conformity with this Regulation by verifying that:***

Or. en

**Amendment 167**

**Proposal for a regulation  
Article 26 – paragraph 1 – point a**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(a) the ***appropriate*** conformity assessment procedure has been carried out by the provider of that AI system

*Amendment*

(a) the ***relevant*** conformity assessment procedure ***referred to in Article 43*** has been carried out by the provider of that AI system;

Or. en

**Amendment 168**

**Proposal for a regulation  
Article 26 – paragraph 1 – point c a (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

(ca) ***the authorised representative referred to in Article 25 has been established by the provider.***

Or. en

**Amendment 169**

**Proposal for a regulation  
Article 26 – paragraph 2**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

2. Where an importer considers or has reason to consider that a high-risk AI system is not in conformity with this Regulation, it shall not place that system on the market until that AI system has been brought into conformity. Where the high-risk AI system presents a risk within the meaning of Article 65(1), the importer shall inform the provider of the AI system and the market surveillance authorities to that effect.

*Amendment*

2. Where an importer considers or has reason to consider that a high-risk AI system is not in conformity with this Regulation, ***or is falsified, or accompanied by falsified documentation***, it shall not place that system on the market until that AI system has been brought into conformity. Where the high-risk AI system presents a risk within the meaning of Article 65(1), the importer shall inform the provider of the AI system and the market surveillance authorities to that effect.

Or. en

**Amendment 170**

**Proposal for a regulation  
Article 26 – paragraph 4 a (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***4a. Importers shall keep, for a period ending 3 years after the AI system has been placed on the market or put into service, a copy of the certificate issued by the notified body, where applicable, of the instructions for use and of the EU declaration of conformity.***

Or. en

**Amendment 171**

**Proposal for a regulation  
Article 26 – paragraph 5**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

5. Importers shall provide national competent authorities, upon a reasoned request, with all necessary information and

***5. Where no authorized representative has been established,*** importers shall provide national competent

documentation to demonstrate the conformity of a high-risk AI system with the requirements set out in Chapter 2 of this Title in a language which can be easily understood by that national competent authority, ***including access to the logs automatically generated by the high-risk AI system to the extent such logs are under the control of the provider by virtue of a contractual arrangement with the user or otherwise by law.*** They shall also ***cooperate with*** those authorities ***on any action national competent authority takes in relation to that system.***

authorities, upon a reasoned request, with all necessary information and documentation to demonstrate the conformity of a high-risk AI system with the requirements set out in Chapter 2 of this Title in a language which can be easily understood by that national competent authority. ***To this purpose*** they shall also ***ensure that the technical documentation can be made available to*** those authorities.

Or. en

## **Amendment 172**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 26 – paragraph 5 a (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***5a. Importers shall cooperate with national competent authorities on any action those authorities take in relation to an AI system.***

Or. en

## **Amendment 173**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 27 – paragraph 1**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

1. Before making a high-risk AI system available on the market, distributors shall verify that the high-risk AI system bears the required CE conformity marking, that it is accompanied by the required documentation and instruction of use, and that the provider and the importer of the

1. Before making a high-risk AI system available on the market, distributors shall verify that the high-risk AI system bears the required CE conformity marking, that it is accompanied by the required documentation and instruction of use, and that the provider and the importer of the

system, as applicable, have complied with *the* obligations set out in *this Regulation*.

system, as applicable, have complied with *their* obligations set out in *Article 16 and in Article 26(3) respectively*.

Or. en

## Amendment 174

### Proposal for a regulation Article 27 – paragraph 2

*Text proposed by the Commission*

2. Where a distributor considers or has reason to consider that a high-risk AI system is not in conformity with the requirements set out in Chapter 2 of this Title, it shall not make the high-risk AI system available on the market until that system has been brought into conformity with those requirements. Furthermore, where the system presents a risk within the meaning of Article 65(1), the distributor shall inform the provider or the importer of the system, as applicable, to that effect.

*Amendment*

2. Where a distributor considers or has reason to consider, ***on the basis of the information in its possession***, that a high-risk AI system is not in conformity with the requirements set out in Chapter 2 of this Title, it shall not make the high-risk AI system available on the market until that system has been brought into conformity with those requirements. Furthermore, where the system presents a risk within the meaning of Article 65(1), the distributor shall inform the provider or the importer of the system, as applicable, to that effect, ***and the market surveillance authorities***.

Or. en

## Amendment 175

### Proposal for a regulation Article 27 – paragraph 4

*Text proposed by the Commission*

4. A distributor that considers or has reason to consider that a high-risk AI system which it has made available on the market is not in conformity with the requirements set out in Chapter 2 of this Title shall take the corrective actions necessary to bring that system into conformity with those requirements, to

*Amendment*

4. A distributor that considers or has reason to consider, ***on the basis of the information in its possession***, that a high-risk AI system which it has made available on the market is not in conformity with the requirements set out in Chapter 2 of this Title shall take the corrective actions necessary to bring that system into

withdraw it or recall it or shall ensure that the provider, the importer or any relevant operator, as appropriate, takes those corrective actions. Where the high-risk AI system presents a risk within the meaning of Article 65(1), the distributor shall immediately inform the national competent authorities of the Member States in which it has made the product available to that effect, giving details, in particular, of the non-compliance and of any corrective actions taken.

conformity with those requirements, to withdraw it or recall it or shall ensure that the provider, the importer or any relevant operator, as appropriate, takes those corrective actions. Where the high-risk AI system presents a risk within the meaning of Article 65(1), the distributor shall immediately ***inform the provider or the importer of the system and*** inform the national competent authorities of the Member States in which it has made the product available to that effect, giving details, in particular, of the non-compliance and of any corrective actions taken.

Or. en

## **Amendment 176**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 27 – paragraph 5**

#### *Text proposed by the Commission*

5. Upon a reasoned request from a national competent authority, distributors of high-risk AI systems shall provide that authority with all the information and documentation ***necessary to demonstrate the conformity of a high-risk system with the requirements set out in Chapter 2 of this Title. Distributors shall also cooperate with that national competent authority on any action taken by that authority.***

#### *Amendment*

5. Upon a reasoned request from a national competent authority, distributors of high-risk AI systems shall provide that authority with all the information and documentation ***regarding its activities as described in paragraphs 1 to 4.***

Or. en

## **Amendment 177**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 27 – paragraph 5 a (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

**5a. Importers shall cooperate with national competent authorities on any action those authorities take in relation to an AI system.**

Or. en

## **Amendment 178**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 28**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

#### *Article 28*

*deleted*

#### *Obligations of distributors, importers, users or any other third-party*

**1. Any distributor, importer, user or other third-party shall be considered a provider for the purposes of this Regulation and shall be subject to the obligations of the provider under Article 16, in any of the following circumstances:**

- (a) they place on the market or put into service a high-risk AI system under their name or trademark;**
- (b) they modify the intended purpose of a high-risk AI system already placed on the market or put into service;**
- (c) they make a substantial modification to the high-risk AI system.**

**2. Where the circumstances referred to in paragraph 1, point (b) or (c), occur, the provider that initially placed the high-risk AI system on the market or put it into service shall no longer be considered a provider for the purposes of this Regulation.**

Or. en

## Amendment 179

### Proposal for a regulation Article 29 – paragraph 1

*Text proposed by the Commission*

1. Users of high-risk AI systems shall use such systems in accordance with the instructions of use accompanying the systems, pursuant to paragraphs 2 and 5.

*Amendment*

1. Users of high-risk AI systems shall use such systems **and implement human oversight** in accordance with the instructions of use accompanying the systems, pursuant to paragraphs 2 and 5 **of this Article**.

Or. en

## Amendment 180

### Proposal for a regulation Article 29 – paragraph 1 a (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

**1a. To the extent the user exercise control over the high-risk AI system, that user shall only assign human oversight to natural persons who have the necessary competence, training and authority.**

Or. en

## Amendment 181

### Proposal for a regulation Article 29 – paragraph 2

*Text proposed by the Commission*

2. The obligations in paragraph 1 are without prejudice to other user obligations under Union or national law and to the user's discretion in organising its own resources and activities for the purpose of implementing the human oversight

*Amendment*

2. The obligations in paragraph 1 **and 1a** are without prejudice to other user obligations under Union or national law and to the user's discretion in organising its own resources and activities for the purpose of implementing the human

measures indicated by the provider.

oversight measures indicated by the provider.

Or. en

## Amendment 182

### Proposal for a regulation Article 29 – paragraph 3

*Text proposed by the Commission*

3. Without prejudice to paragraph 1, to the extent the user exercises control over the input data, that user shall ensure that input data is relevant in view of the intended purpose of the high-risk AI system.

*Amendment*

3. Without prejudice to paragraph 1, to the extent the user exercises control over the input data, that user shall ensure that input data is relevant ***and representative*** in view of the intended purpose of the high-risk AI system. ***To the extent the user exercise control over the high-risk AI system, that user shall also ensure that relevant and appropriate robustness and cybersecurity measures are in place and are regularly adjusted or updated.***

Or. en

## Amendment 183

### Proposal for a regulation Article 29 – paragraph 4 – introductory part

*Text proposed by the Commission*

4. Users shall monitor the operation of the high-risk AI system on the basis of the instructions of use. When they have reasons to consider that the use in accordance with the instructions of use may result in the AI system presenting a risk within the meaning of Article 65(1) they shall inform the provider or distributor and suspend the use of the system. They shall also inform the provider or distributor when they have identified any serious incident ***or any malfunctioning within the***

*Amendment*

4. Users shall monitor the operation of the high-risk AI system on the basis of the instructions of use ***and, when relevant, inform providers in accordance with Article 61. To the extent the user exercise control over the high-risk AI system, users shall also perform risk assessments in line with Article 9 but limited to the potential adverse effects of using the high-risk AI system, the respective mitigation measures, and the trustworthy technology assessment.*** When they have reasons to

*meaning of Article 62* and interrupt the use of the AI system. In case the user is not able to reach the provider, Article 62 shall apply mutatis mutandis.

consider that the use in accordance with the instructions of use may result in the AI system presenting a risk within the meaning of Article 65(1) *or a risk to the trustworthy technology assessment set out Article 4(a)* they shall inform the provider or distributor and suspend the use of the system. They shall also inform the provider or distributor when they have identified any serious incident and interrupt the use of the AI system. In case the user is not able to reach the provider, Article 62 shall apply mutatis mutandis.

Or. en

## Amendment 184

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 29 – paragraph 5 – introductory part

##### *Text proposed by the Commission*

5. Users of high-risk AI systems shall keep the logs automatically generated by that high-risk AI system, to the extent such logs are under their control. ***The logs shall be kept*** for a period ***that is appropriate in the light of the intended purpose of the high-risk AI system and applicable legal obligations under*** Union or national law.

##### *Amendment*

5. Users of high-risk AI systems shall keep the logs automatically generated by that high-risk AI system, to the extent such logs are under their control. ***They shall keep them*** for a period ***of at least six months, unless provided otherwise in*** applicable Union or national law.

Or. en

## Amendment 185

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 29 – paragraph 6

##### *Text proposed by the Commission*

6. Users of high-risk AI systems shall use the information provided under Article 13 to comply with their obligation to carry out a data protection impact assessment

##### *Amendment*

6. Users of high-risk AI systems shall use the information provided under Article 13 to comply with their obligation to carry out a data protection impact assessment

under Article 35 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or Article 27 of Directive (EU) 2016/680, *where applicable*.

under Article 35 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or Article 27 of Directive (EU) 2016/680 *and may revert in part to those data protection impact assessments for fulfilling the obligations set out in this Article*.

Or. en

## **Amendment 186**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 29 – paragraph 6 a (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

**6a.** *Where a user of a high risk AI system is obliged pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2016/679 to provide information regarding the use of automated decision making procedures, the user shall not be obliged to provide information on how the AI system reached a specific result. When fulfilling the information obligations under Regulation (EU) 2016/679, the user shall not be obliged to provide information beyond the information he or she received from the provider under Article 13 of this Regulation.*

Or. en

## **Amendment 187**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 29 – paragraph 6 b (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

**6b.** *The provider shall be obliged to cooperate closely with the user and in particular provide the user with the necessary information to allow the fulfilment of the obligations set out in this Article.*

**Amendment 188****Proposal for a regulation****Article 29 – paragraph 6 c (new)***Text proposed by the Commission**Amendment*

**6c. Users shall cooperate with national competent authorities on any action those authorities take in relation to an AI system.**

Or. en

**Amendment 189****Proposal for a regulation****Article 39 – paragraph 1***Text proposed by the Commission**Amendment*

Conformity assessment bodies established under the law of a third country ***with which the Union has concluded an agreement may be authorised to*** carry out the activities of notified Bodies under this Regulation.

**1. In line with EU commitments under the World Trade Organization (WTO) Agreement on Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), the Commission shall endeavour to maximise the acceptance of test results produced by competent conformity assessment bodies, independent of the territory in which they may be established, where necessary to demonstrate conformance with applicable requirements of the Regulation.**

**2. Conformity assessment bodies established under the law of a third country may carry out the activities of Notified Bodies under this regulation where they have been accredited as competent by an accreditation body, whether established in the territory of the EU or a third country, that is a signatory of an international accreditation or conformity assessment scheme based on rigorous peer-review processes, such as the International**

*Laboratory Accreditation Collaboration (ILAC) Mutual Recognition Arrangement (MRA) and International Accreditation Forum (IAF) Multilateral Recognition Arrangement (MLA).*

*3. In addition, where conformity assessment bodies established under the law of a third country have not been accredited by signatory bodies of such international accreditation or conformity assessment schemes, third-country conformity assessment bodies may carry out the activities of Notified Bodies where international mutual recognition arrangements, conformity assessment protocols, or other agreements exist between the EU and the country in which the conformity assessment body is established.*

Or. en

## **Amendment 190**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 40 – paragraph 1**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

High-risk AI systems which are in conformity with harmonised standards or parts thereof the references of which have been published in the Official Journal of the European Union shall be presumed to be in conformity with the requirements set out in Chapter 2 of this Title, to the extent those standards cover those requirements.

*Amendment*

*1. High-risk AI systems which are in conformity with harmonised standards or parts thereof the references of which have been published in the Official Journal of the European Union shall be presumed to be in conformity with the requirements set out in Chapter 2 of this Title, to the extent those standards cover those requirements.*

*2. When issuing a standardisation request to European standardisation organisations in accordance with Article 10 of Regulation (EU) 1025/2012, the Commission shall specify that standards are coherent, easy to implement and drafted in such a way that they aim to fulfil in particular the following objectives:*

- a) *ensure that AI systems placed on the market or put into service in the Union are safe and respect Union values and strengthen the Union's digital sovereignty;*
- b) *take into account the concept of trustworthy AI set out in Article 4(a);*
- c) *promote investment and innovation in AI, as well as competitiveness and growth of the Union market;* d) *enhance multistakeholder governance, representative of all relevant European stakeholders (e.g. industry, SMEs, civil society, researchers);*
- d) *contribute to strengthening global cooperation on standardisation in the field of AI that is consistent with Union values and interests.*

*The Commission shall request the European standardisation organisations to provide evidence of their best efforts to fulfil the above objectives.*

*3. The Commission shall issue standardisation requests covering all essential requirements of the Regulation in accordance with Article 10 of Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 no later than 6 months after the date of entry into force of the Regulation.*

Or. en

## **Amendment 191**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 41 – paragraph 1**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

1. Where harmonised standards referred to in Article 40 do not exist or *where the Commission considers that the relevant harmonised standards are insufficient or that there is a need to address specific safety or fundamental*

*Amendment*

1. Where *the Commission considers that there is a need to address serious fundamental right concerns and provided that relevant* harmonised standards referred to in Article 40 *are insufficient,* do not exist or *are not foreseeable to be*

*right concerns*, the Commission may, by means of implementing acts, adopt common specifications in respect of the requirements set out in Chapter 2 of this Title. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 74(2).

*developed soon*, the Commission may, by means of implementing acts, adopt common specifications in respect of the requirements set out in Chapter 2 of this Title. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 74(2).

Or. en

## Amendment 192

### Proposal for a regulation Article 41 – paragraph 1 a (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***1a. When deciding to draft and adopt common specifications, the Commission shall consult the Board, European standardisation organisations as well as the relevant stakeholders, and duly justify why it decided not to use harmonised standards. The abovementioned organisations shall be regularly consulted as the Commission drafts the common specifications.***

Or. en

## Amendment 193

### Proposal for a regulation Article 42 – paragraph 1

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

1. ***Taking into account their intended purpose***, high-risk AI systems that have been trained and tested on data ***concerning*** the specific geographical, behavioural ***and*** functional setting within which they are intended to be used shall be presumed to be in compliance with the ***requirement*** set out

1. High-risk AI systems that have been trained and tested on data ***reflecting*** the specific geographical, behavioural ***or*** functional setting within which they are intended to be used shall be presumed to be in compliance with the ***respective requirements*** set out in Article 10(4).

in Article 10(4).

Or. en

## Amendment 194

### Proposal for a regulation Article 42 – paragraph 2

#### *Text proposed by the Commission*

2. High-risk AI systems that have been certified or for which a statement of conformity has been issued under a cybersecurity scheme *pursuant to* Regulation (EU) 2019/881 of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>63</sup> and the references of which have been published in the Official Journal of the European Union shall be presumed to be in compliance with the cybersecurity requirements set out in Article 15 of this Regulation in so far as the cybersecurity certificate or statement of conformity or parts thereof cover those requirements.

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<sup>63</sup> Regulation (EU) 2019/881 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 April 2019 on ENISA (the European Union Agency for Cybersecurity) and on information and communications technology cybersecurity certification and repealing Regulation (EU) No 526/2013 (Cybersecurity Act) (OJ L 151, 7.6.2019, p. 1).

#### *Amendment*

2. High-risk AI systems that have been certified or for which a statement of conformity has been issued under a cybersecurity scheme Regulation (EU) 2019/881 of the European Parliament and of the Council *or pursuant to other harmonization legislation in the field of security of network and information systems and electronic communications networks and services* and the references of which have been published in the Official Journal of the European Union shall be presumed to be in compliance with the cybersecurity requirements set out in Article 15 of this Regulation in so far as the cybersecurity certificate or statement of conformity or parts thereof cover those requirements.

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<sup>63</sup> Regulation (EU) 2019/881 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 April 2019 on ENISA (the European Union Agency for Cybersecurity) and on information and communications technology cybersecurity certification and repealing Regulation (EU) No 526/2013 (Cybersecurity Act) (OJ L 151, 7.6.2019, p. 1).

Or. en

## Amendment 195

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 43 – paragraph 1 – introductory part

##### *Text proposed by the Commission*

1. For high-risk AI systems listed in point 1 of Annex III, where, in demonstrating the compliance of a high-risk AI system with the requirements set out in Chapter 2 of this Title, the provider has applied harmonised standards referred to in Article 40, or, where applicable, common specifications referred to in Article 41, the provider shall **follow** one of the following procedures:

##### *Amendment*

1. For high-risk AI systems listed in point 1 of Annex III, where, in demonstrating the compliance of a high-risk AI system with the requirements set out in Chapter 2 of this Title, the provider has applied harmonised standards referred to in Article 40, or, where applicable, common specifications referred to in Article 41, the provider shall **opt for** one of the following procedures:

Or. en

## Amendment 196

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 43 – paragraph 1 – point a

##### *Text proposed by the Commission*

(a) the conformity assessment procedure based on internal control referred to in Annex VI;

##### *Amendment*

(a) the conformity assessment procedure based on internal control referred to in Annex VI; **or**

Or. en

## Amendment 197

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 43 – paragraph 1 – point b

##### *Text proposed by the Commission*

(b) the conformity assessment procedure based on **assessment of the quality management system and** assessment of the technical documentation, with the involvement of a notified body,

##### *Amendment*

(b) the conformity assessment procedure based on assessment of the technical documentation, with the involvement of a notified body, referred to in Annex VII.

referred to in Annex VII.

Or. en

## Amendment 198

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 43 – paragraph 4 – introductory part

##### *Text proposed by the Commission*

4. High-risk AI systems shall undergo a new conformity assessment procedure whenever they are substantially modified, regardless of whether the modified system is intended to be further distributed or continues to be used by the current user.

##### *Amendment*

4. High-risk AI systems ***that have already been subject to a conformity assessment procedure*** shall undergo a new conformity assessment procedure whenever they are substantially modified, regardless of whether the modified system is intended to be further distributed or continues to be used by the current user.

Or. en

## Amendment 199

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 43 – paragraph 4 – subparagraph 1

##### *Text proposed by the Commission*

For high-risk AI systems that continue to learn after being placed on the market or put into service, changes to the high-risk AI system and its performance that have been pre-determined by the provider at the moment of the initial conformity assessment and are part of the information contained in the technical documentation referred to in point 2(f) of Annex IV, shall not constitute a substantial modification.

##### *Amendment*

For high-risk AI systems that continue to learn after being placed on the market or put into service, changes to the high-risk AI system and its performance that have been pre-determined by the provider at the moment of the initial conformity assessment and are part of the information contained in the technical documentation referred to in point 2(f) of Annex IV, shall not constitute a substantial modification. ***The same should apply to updates of the AI system for security reasons in general and to protect against evolving threats of manipulation of the system.***

***This paragraph only applies if the Member State has established a legal***

*framework, which allows the provider of a high risk AI system, which autonomously make substantial modifications to itself, to regularly perform an automated real-time conformity assessment procedure.*

Or. en

## **Amendment 200**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 43 – paragraph 4 a (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***4a. Any provider may voluntarily apply for a third-party conformity assessment regardless of the risk level of their AI system.***

Or. en

## **Amendment 201**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 43 – paragraph 5**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

5. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 73 for the purpose of updating Annexes VI and Annex VII in order to introduce elements of the conformity assessment procedures that become necessary in light of technical progress.

***5. After consulting the AI Board referred to in Article 56 and after providing substantial evidence, followed by thorough consultation and the involvement of the affected stakeholders, the Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 73 for the purpose of updating Annexes VI and Annex VII in order to introduce elements of the conformity assessment procedures that become necessary in light of technical progress.***

Or. en

## Amendment 202

### Proposal for a regulation Article 43 – paragraph 6

*Text proposed by the Commission*

6. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts to amend paragraphs 1 and 2 in order to subject high-risk AI systems referred to in points 2 to 8 of Annex III to the conformity assessment procedure referred to in Annex VII or parts thereof. The Commission shall adopt such delegated acts taking into account the effectiveness of the conformity assessment procedure based on internal control referred to in Annex VI in preventing or minimizing the risks to health and safety and protection of fundamental rights posed by such systems as well as the availability of adequate capacities and resources among notified bodies.

*Amendment*

6. ***After consulting the AI Board referred to in Article 56 and after providing substantial evidence, followed by thorough consultation and the involvement of the affected stakeholders,*** the Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts to amend paragraphs 1 and 2 in order to subject high-risk AI systems referred to in points 2 to 8 of Annex III to the conformity assessment procedure referred to in Annex VII or parts thereof. The Commission shall adopt such delegated acts taking into account the effectiveness of the conformity assessment procedure based on internal control referred to in Annex VI in preventing or minimizing the risks to health and safety and protection of fundamental rights posed by such systems as well as the availability of adequate capacities and resources among notified bodies.

Or. en

## Amendment 203

### Proposal for a regulation Article 50

*Text proposed by the Commission*

***Article 50***

***Document retention***

***The provider shall, for a period ending 10 years after the AI system has been placed on the market or put into service, keep at the disposal of the national competent authorities:***

*Amendment*

***deleted***

- (a) *the technical documentation referred to in Article 11;*
- (b) *the documentation concerning the quality management system referred to Article 17;*
- (c) *the documentation concerning the changes approved by notified bodies where applicable;*
- (d) *the decisions and other documents issued by the notified bodies where applicable;*
- (e) *the EU declaration of conformity referred to in Article 48.*

Or. en

## Amendment 204

### Proposal for a regulation Article 51 – paragraph 1

*Text proposed by the Commission*

Before placing on the market or putting into service a high-risk AI system referred to in Article 6(2), the provider or, where applicable, the authorised representative shall register that system in the EU database referred to in Article 60.

*Amendment*

Before placing on the market or putting into service a high-risk AI system referred to in Article 6(2) **and (2a)**, the provider or, where applicable, the authorised representative shall register that system in the EU database referred to in Article 60.

Or. en

## Amendment 205

### Proposal for a regulation Article 52 – paragraph 1

*Text proposed by the Commission*

1. Providers shall ensure that AI systems intended to interact with natural persons are designed and developed in such **a way that natural persons are**

*Amendment*

1. Providers shall ensure that AI systems intended to interact with natural persons are designed and developed in such **away that the provider itself or the**

*informed* that they are interacting with an AI system, unless this is obvious from the circumstances and the context of use. This obligation shall not apply to AI systems authorised by law to detect, prevent, investigate and prosecute criminal offences, unless those systems are available for the public to report a criminal offence.

*user can inform the natural person exposed to an AI system* that they are interacting with an AI system, unless this is obvious from the circumstances and the context of use. ***Where relevant, this information shall also include which functions are AI enabled, if there is human oversight and who is responsible for the decision-making process.*** This obligation shall not apply to AI systems authorised by law to detect, prevent, investigate and prosecute criminal offences, unless those systems are available for the public to report a criminal offence.

Or. en

## Amendment 206

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 52 – paragraph 3 – introductory part

##### *Text proposed by the Commission*

3. Users of an AI system that generates or manipulates *image*, audio or *video* content that ***appreciably resembles existing persons, objects, places or other entities or events and*** would falsely appear ***to a person*** to be authentic or truthful ('deep fake'), shall disclose that the content has been artificially generated or manipulated.

##### *Amendment*

3. Users of an AI system that generates or manipulates audio or *visual* content that would falsely appear to be authentic or truthful ***and which features depictions of people appearing to say or do things they did not say or do, without their consent*** ('deep fake'), shall disclose that the content has been artificially generated or manipulated. ***Disclosure shall mean labelling the content in a way that informs that the content is inauthentic and that is clearly visible for the recipient of that content. To label the content, users shall take into account the generally acknowledged state of the art and relevant harmonised standards and specifications.***

Or. en

## Amendment 207

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 52 – paragraph 3 – subparagraph 1

##### *Text proposed by the Commission*

However, the first subparagraph shall not apply where the use *is authorised* by law to detect, prevent, investigate and prosecute criminal offences or it is necessary for the exercise of the right to freedom of expression and the right to freedom of the arts and sciences guaranteed in the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the EU, and subject to appropriate safeguards for the rights and freedoms of third parties.

##### *Amendment*

However, the first subparagraph shall not apply where the use *of an AI system that generates or manipulates audio or visual content is authorized* by law to detect, prevent, investigate and prosecute criminal offences or it is necessary for the exercise of the right to freedom of expression and the right to freedom of the arts and sciences guaranteed in the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the EU, and subject to appropriate safeguards for the rights and freedoms of third parties.

Or. en

## Amendment 208

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 52 – paragraph 3 a (new)

##### *Text proposed by the Commission*

##### *Amendment*

**3a. The information referred to in paragraphs 1 to 3 shall be provided to natural persons in a clear and visible manner at the latest at the time of the first interaction or exposure. The mechanism shall, where relevant and appropriate, be completed with intervention or flagging procedures for the exposed natural person.**

Or. en

## Amendment 209

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 53 – paragraph 1

*Text proposed by the Commission*

1. AI regulatory sandboxes ***established by one or more Member States competent authorities or the European Data Protection Supervisor shall*** provide a controlled environment that facilitates the development, testing and validation of innovative AI systems for a limited time before their placement on the market or putting into service pursuant to a specific plan. This shall take place under the direct supervision and guidance by the competent authorities with a view to ensuring compliance with the requirements of this Regulation and, where relevant, other Union and Member States legislation supervised within the sandbox.

*Amendment*

1. ***The competent authorities of the Member States shall establish physical and digital AI regulatory sandboxes six months prior to the entry into application of this Regulation based on well-established criteria that*** provide a controlled environment that facilitates the development, testing and validation of innovative AI systems for a limited time before their placement on the market or putting into service pursuant to a specific plan. This shall take place under the direct supervision and guidance by the ***respective national*** competent authorities with a view to ***identify risks to health and safety and fundamental rights, test mitigation measures for identified risks, demonstrate prevention of these risks and otherwise*** ensuring compliance with the requirements of this Regulation and, where relevant, other Union and Member States legislation supervised within the sandbox.

Or. en

## **Amendment 210**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 53 – paragraph 1 a (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***1a. This article shall also apply to AI systems for which full compliance with the requirements of Title III Chapter 2 requires an initial phase of placing the systems on the market or putting them into service and using the experiences gained in such initial phase to further develop the AI system so as to fully fulfil the requirements of Title III Chapter 2.***

Or. en

## Amendment 211

### Proposal for a regulation Article 53 – paragraph 5

*Text proposed by the Commission*

5. Member States' competent authorities *that have established* AI regulatory sandboxes *shall* coordinate their activities *and* cooperate within the framework of the European Artificial Intelligence Board. They shall submit annual reports to the Board and the Commission on the results from the implementation of those *scheme*, including good practices, lessons learnt and recommendations on their setup and, where relevant, on the application of this Regulation and other *Union legislation* supervised within the sandbox.

*Amendment*

5. Member States' competent authorities *shall establish* AI regulatory sandboxes *as much as possible through national and regional initiatives, in particular through European digital innovation hubs, and closely* coordinate their activities *as well as* cooperate within the framework of the European Artificial Intelligence Board. They shall submit annual reports to the Board and the Commission on the results from the implementation of those *schemes*, including good practices, lessons learnt and recommendations on their setup and, where relevant, on the application of this Regulation and other *Union legislation* supervised within the sandbox. *These annual reports or abstracts shall be made available to the public, online, in order to further enable innovation within the Union.*

Or. en

## Amendment 212

### Proposal for a regulation Article 53 – paragraph 6

*Text proposed by the Commission*

6. The modalities and the conditions of the operation of the AI regulatory sandboxes, including the eligibility criteria and the procedure for the application, selection, participation and exiting from the sandbox, and the rights and obligations of the participants shall be set out in

*Amendment*

6. The modalities and the conditions of the operation of the AI regulatory sandboxes, including the eligibility criteria and the procedure for the application, selection, participation and exiting from the sandbox, and the rights and obligations of the participants shall be set out in

implementing acts. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 74(2).

implementing acts *in accordance with the Council's communication(11/2020) and in strong cooperation with relevant stakeholders*. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 74(2). *Member States shall anticipate demand for using the sandboxes and scale the sandboxes' capacity accordingly, to ensure that as many economic operators as possible can access them.*

Or. en

### **Amendment 213**

#### **Proposal for a regulation Article 54 – paragraph 1 a (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

*1a. Provided that the conditions of paragraph 1 are met, personal data processed for developing and testing innovative AI systems in the sandbox shall be considered compatible for the purposes of Article 6(4) GDPR.*

Or. en

### **Amendment 214**

#### **Proposal for a regulation Article 55 – title**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

Measures for *small-scale* providers and users

Measures for providers and users *that are SMEs or start ups*

Or. en

## Amendment 215

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 55 – paragraph 1 – point a

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(a) provide *small-scale providers* and start-ups with priority access to *the* AI regulatory sandboxes to the extent that *they* fulfil the eligibility conditions;

*Amendment*

(a) provide *SMEs* and start-ups with priority access to *and make* AI regulatory sandboxes *reusable as well as affordable* to the extent that *SMEs and start-ups* fulfil the eligibility conditions;

Or. en

## Amendment 216

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 55 – paragraph 1 – point b

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(b) organise specific awareness raising activities about the application of this Regulation tailored to the needs of the *small-scale providers and users*;

*Amendment*

(b) organise specific awareness raising activities about the application of this Regulation tailored to the needs of the *SMEs and start ups*;

Or. en

## Amendment 217

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 55 – paragraph 1 – point c

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(c) where appropriate, establish a dedicated channel for communication with *small-scale providers and user* and other innovators to provide guidance and respond to queries about the implementation of this Regulation.

*Amendment*

(c) where appropriate, establish a dedicated channel for communication with *SMEs and startups* and other innovators to provide guidance and respond to queries about the implementation of this Regulation;

Or. en

## Amendment 218

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 55 – paragraph 1 – point c a (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

*(ca) consult representative organisations of SMEs and start ups and involve them in the development of relevant standards;*

Or. en

## Amendment 219

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 55 – paragraph 1 – point c b (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

*(cb) create development paths and services for SMEs and start ups, ensuring that government support is provided at all stages of their development, in particular by promoting digital tools and developing AI transition plans;*

Or. en

## Amendment 220

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 55 – paragraph 1 – point c c (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

*(cc) promote industry best practices and responsible approaches to AI development and use self-regulatory commitments as a criterion for public procurement projects or as a factor that allows more opportunities to use and*

*share data responsibly;*

Or. en

## **Amendment 221**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 55 – paragraph 1 – point c d (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

*(cd) offer tax breaks for doing research, better access to computer capacities and datasets, an EU-Visa schema for tech-talents, temporary support in technology scouting or in paying salaries of AI specialists, and state aid exemptions in the area of AI education, training and reskilling of employees;*

Or. en

## **Amendment 222**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 55 – paragraph 1 – point c e (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

*(ce) reduce extensive reporting, information or documentation obligations, establish a single EU online portal in different languages concerning all necessary procedures and formalities to operate in another EU country, a single point of contact in the home country that can certify the company's eligibility to provide services in another EU country as well as a standardized EU-wide VAT declaration in the respective native language;*

Or. en

## Amendment 223

### Proposal for a regulation Article 55 – paragraph 2

*Text proposed by the Commission*

2. The specific interests and needs of ***the small-scale providers*** shall be taken into account when setting the fees for conformity assessment under Article 43, reducing those fees proportionately to their size and market size.

*Amendment*

2. The specific interests and needs of ***SMEs and start ups*** shall be taken into account when setting the fees for conformity assessment under Article 43, reducing those fees proportionately to their size and market size, ***by granting subsidies or even exempting SMEs and start ups from paying.***

Or. en

## Amendment 224

### Proposal for a regulation Article 56 – title

*Text proposed by the Commission*

Establishment of the European Artificial Intelligence Board

*Amendment*

Establishment of the European Artificial Intelligence Board ***and re-establishment of the High Level Expert Group on AI***

Or. en

### *Justification*

*The amendments to Art 56, 57 and 58 shall make sure that the Board is capable to fulfil its crucial role in harmonising AI policies across the Union in an impartial manner. While not being a full AI agency, the Board has the competence to streamline via guidance, coordinate among various governance actors, and make binding decisions in case national competent authorities cannot agree on an important issues. The AMs will help to ensure a balanced and effective AI governance.*

## Amendment 225

### Proposal for a regulation Article 56 – paragraph 1

*Text proposed by the Commission*

1. A ‘European Artificial Intelligence Board’ (the ‘Board’) is established.

*Amendment*

1. A ‘European Artificial Intelligence Board’ (the ‘Board’) is established. ***The Board shall have a secretariat, a strong mandate as well as sufficient resources and skilled personnel at its disposal for assistance in the proper performance of its tasks laid down in Article 58.***

Or. en

**Amendment 226**

**Proposal for a regulation  
Article 56 – paragraph 2 – point c**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(c) assist the national supervisory authorities and the Commission in ensuring the consistent application of this Regulation.

*Amendment*

(c) assist the national supervisory authorities and the Commission in ensuring the consistent application of this Regulation, ***in particular in line with the consistency mechanism referred to in Article 59 a(3).***

Or. en

**Amendment 227**

**Proposal for a regulation  
Article 56 – paragraph 2 a (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***2a. The High Level Expert group on AI is re-established, shall act as advisory body to the Board and shall be regularly invited to share its practical and technical expertise with the Board.***

Or. en

## Amendment 228

### Proposal for a regulation Article 57 – paragraph 1

*Text proposed by the Commission*

1. The Board shall be composed of the national supervisory authorities, who shall be represented by the head or equivalent high-level official of that authority, **and** the European Data Protection Supervisor. Other national authorities may be invited to the meetings, where the issues discussed are of relevance for them.

*Amendment*

1. The Board shall be composed of the national supervisory authorities, who shall be represented by the head or equivalent high-level official of that authority, the European Data Protection Supervisor **as well as the Chairperson of the EU Agency for Fundamental Rights, the Executive director of the EU Agency for Cybersecurity, the Chair of the High Level Expert Group on AI, the Director-General of the Joint Research Centre, and the presidents of the European Committee for Standardization, the European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization, and the European Telecommunications Standards Institute.** Other national authorities may be invited to the meetings, where the issues discussed are of relevance for them.

Or. en

## Amendment 229

### Proposal for a regulation Article 57 – paragraph 2

*Text proposed by the Commission*

2. The Board shall adopt its rules of procedure by a simple majority of its members, **following the consent of the Commission.** The rules of procedure shall also contain the operational aspects related to the execution of the Board's tasks as listed in Article 58. The Board may establish sub-groups as appropriate for the purpose of examining specific questions.

*Amendment*

2. The Board shall adopt its rules of procedure by a simple majority of its members. The rules of procedure shall also contain the operational aspects related to the execution of the Board's tasks as listed in Article 58. The Board may establish sub-groups as appropriate for the purpose of examining specific questions.

Or. en

## Amendment 230

### Proposal for a regulation Article 57 – paragraph 3

*Text proposed by the Commission*

3. The Board shall be chaired by the Commission. The **Commission** shall convene the meetings and prepare the agenda in accordance with the tasks of the Board pursuant to this Regulation and with its rules of procedure. The **Commission** shall provide administrative and analytical support for the activities of the Board pursuant to this Regulation.

*Amendment*

3. The Board shall be chaired by the Commission. The **Board secretariat** shall convene the meetings and prepare the agenda in accordance with the tasks of the Board pursuant to this Regulation and with its rules of procedure. The **Board secretariat** shall provide administrative and analytical support for the activities of the Board pursuant to this Regulation.

Or. en

## Amendment 231

### Proposal for a regulation Article 57 – paragraph 4

*Text proposed by the Commission*

4. The Board **may** invite external experts and observers to attend its meetings **and** may hold exchanges with interested third parties to inform its activities to an appropriate extent. **To that end** the Commission may facilitate exchanges between the Board and other Union bodies, offices, agencies and advisory groups.

*Amendment*

4. The Board **shall institutionalise a structured dialogue with the High Level Expert Group on AI that takes place at least once a month. The Board shall also regularly** invite external experts, **in particular AI researchers and developers**, and observers to attend its meetings, may hold exchanges with interested third parties to inform its activities to an appropriate extent, **and hold appropriate consultations with relevant stakeholders and ensure appropriate participation.** The Commission may facilitate exchanges between the Board and other Union bodies, offices, agencies and advisory groups.

Or. en

## Amendment 232

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 58 – paragraph 1 – point b

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(b) contribute to uniform administrative practices in the Member States, including for the functioning of regulatory sandboxes referred to in Article 53;

*Amendment*

(b) contribute to uniform administrative practices in the Member States, including for the ***assessment, establishing, managing with the meaning of fostering cooperation and guaranteeing consistency among regulatory sandboxes, and*** functioning of regulatory sandboxes referred to in Article 53;

Or. en

## Amendment 233

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 58 – paragraph 1 – point c – point iii a (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***(iii a) on the need for the amendment of each of the Annexes as referred to in Article 73 as well as all other provisions in this Regulation that the Commission can amend, in light of the available evidence.***

Or. en

## Amendment 234

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 58 – paragraph 1 – point c a (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***(ca) carry out annual reviews and analyses of the complaints sent to and findings made by national competent authorities, of the serious incidents***

*reports referred to in Article 62, and of the new registration in the EU Database referred to in Article 60 to identify trends and potential emerging issues threatening the future health and safety and fundamental rights of citizens that are not adequately addressed by this Regulation;*

Or. en

## **Amendment 235**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 58 – paragraph 1 – point c b (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

*(cb) carry out biannual horizon scanning and foresight exercises to extrapolate the impact the trends and emerging issues can have on the Union;*

Or. en

## **Amendment 236**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 58 – paragraph 1 – point c c (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

*(cc) annually publish recommendations to the Commission, in particular on the categorization of prohibited practices, high-risk systems, and codes of conduct for AI systems that are not classified as high-risk;*

Or. en

## **Amendment 237**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 58 – paragraph 1 – point c d (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

*(cd) encourage and facilitate the drawing up of codes of conduct as referred to in Article 69;*

Or. en

## **Amendment 238**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 58 – paragraph 1 – point c e (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

*(ce) coordinate among national competent authorities and make sure that the consistency mechanism in Article 59a (3) is observed, in particular for all major cross-border cases;*

Or. en

## **Amendment 239**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 58 – paragraph 1 – point c f (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

*(cf) adopt binding decisions for national competent authorities in case the consistency mechanism is not able to solve the conflict among national competent authorities as it is clarified in Article 59a (6).*

Or. en

## Amendment 240

### Proposal for a regulation Article 59 – paragraph 1

*Text proposed by the Commission*

1. National competent *authorities shall be established or designated by each Member State for the purpose of ensuring the application and implementation of this Regulation.* National competent *authorities* shall be organised so as to safeguard the objectivity and impartiality of their activities and tasks.

*Amendment*

1. *Each Member State shall establish or designate one national competent authority as well as one national supervisory authority. The national competent authority shall be organised so as to safeguard the objectivity and impartiality of their activities and tasks, in particular by building up staff comprising of experts from different areas such as cyber security, competition law or data protection.*

Or. en

## Amendment 241

### Proposal for a regulation Article 59 – paragraph 2

*Text proposed by the Commission*

2. *Each Member State shall designate a national supervisory authority among the national competent authorities.* The national supervisory authority shall act as notifying authority and market surveillance authority *unless a Member State has organisational and administrative reasons to designate more than one authority.*

*Amendment*

2. *The national competent authority shall be in charge to ensure the application and implementation of this Regulation. With regard to high-risk AI systems, related to products to which legal acts listed in Annex II apply, the competent authorities designated under those legal acts shall continue to lead the administrative procedures. However, to the extent a case involves aspects covered by this Regulation, the competent authorities shall be bound by measures issued by the national competent authority designated under this Regulation.* The national supervisory authority shall act as notifying authority and market surveillance authority.

Or. en

## Amendment 242

### Proposal for a regulation Article 59 – paragraph 3

*Text proposed by the Commission*

3. Member States shall inform the Commission of their *designation or designations and, where applicable, the reasons for designating more than one authority*.

*Amendment*

3. ***The national competent authority in each Member State shall be the lead authority, ensure adequate coordination and act as single point of contact for this Regulation.*** Member States shall inform the Commission of their designations.

Or. en

## Amendment 243

### Proposal for a regulation Article 59 – paragraph 4

*Text proposed by the Commission*

4. Member States shall ensure that national competent ***authorities are*** provided with adequate financial and human resources to fulfil their tasks under this Regulation. In particular, national competent authorities shall have a sufficient number of personnel permanently available whose competences and expertise shall include an in-depth understanding of artificial intelligence technologies, data and data computing, fundamental rights, health and safety risks and knowledge of existing standards and legal requirements.

*Amendment*

4. Member States shall ensure that national competent ***authority is*** provided with adequate financial and human resources to fulfil their tasks under this Regulation. In particular, national competent authorities shall have a sufficient number of personnel permanently available whose competences and expertise shall include an in-depth understanding of artificial intelligence technologies, data and data computing, fundamental rights, health and safety risks and knowledge of existing standards and legal requirements.

Or. en

## Amendment 244

### Proposal for a regulation Article 59 – paragraph 5

*Text proposed by the Commission*

5. Member States shall report to the Commission on an annual basis on the status of the financial and human resources of the national competent **authorities** with an assessment of their adequacy. The Commission shall transmit that information to the Board for discussion and possible recommendations.

*Amendment*

5. Member States shall report to the Commission on an annual basis on the status of the financial and human resources of the national competent **authority** with an assessment of their adequacy. The Commission shall transmit that information to the Board for discussion and possible recommendations.

Or. en

## Amendment 245

### Proposal for a regulation Article 59 – paragraph 6

*Text proposed by the Commission*

6. The Commission shall facilitate the exchange of experience between national competent authorities.

*Amendment*

6. The Commission **and Board** shall facilitate the exchange of experience between national competent authorities.

Or. en

## Amendment 246

### Proposal for a regulation Article 59 – paragraph 7

*Text proposed by the Commission*

7. National competent authorities may provide guidance and advice on the implementation of this Regulation, including to **small-scale providers**. Whenever national competent authorities intend to provide guidance and advice with regard to an AI system in areas covered by

*Amendment*

7. National competent authorities may provide guidance and advice on the implementation of this Regulation **and consult provider and user on issues that were discovered during the trustworthy technology assessment referred to in Article 9(2) (d a)**, including to **SMEs and**

other Union legislation, the competent national authorities under that Union legislation shall be consulted, as appropriate. Member States may also establish one central contact point for communication with operators.

*start-ups*. Whenever national competent authorities intend to provide guidance and advice with regard to an AI system in areas covered by other Union legislation, the competent national authorities under that Union legislation shall be consulted, as appropriate. Member States may also establish one central contact point for communication with operators.

Or. en

## **Amendment 247**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 59 – paragraph 8**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

8. When Union institutions, agencies and bodies fall within the scope of this Regulation, the European Data Protection Supervisor shall act as the competent authority for their supervision.

*Amendment*

8. When Union institutions, agencies and bodies fall within the scope of this Regulation, the European Data Protection Supervisor shall act as the competent authority for their supervision *and coordination*.

Or. en

## **Amendment 248**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 59 a (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

*Article 59 a*

*Consistency mechanism*

*1. Each national competent authority shall perform the tasks assigned to and the exercise of the powers conferred on it in accordance with this Regulation on the territory of its own Member State.*

*2. The national competent authority of the Member State where the provider or*

*user is present or established shall be competent to act as lead national competent authority for across-border case that involves an AI-system that falls under this Regulation and that is being placed on the market or put into service in two or more Member States.*

*3. In order to contribute to the consistent application of this Regulation throughout the Union, national competent authorities shall cooperate with each other and, where relevant, with the Commission and the Board, through the consistency mechanism as set out in the following paragraphs.*

*4. The lead national competent authority shall cooperate with the other supervisory authorities in an endeavour to reach consensus. The lead national competent authority and the other national competent authorities concerned shall exchange all relevant information with each other, provide mutual assistance and execute joint operations.*

*5. The lead national competent authority shall, without delay, communicate the relevant information on the matter to the other national competent authorities concerned. It shall without delay submit a draft decision to the other national competent authorities concerned for their opinion and take due account of their views.*

*6. In case the Board, after being notified by another national competent authority, finds that the lead national competent authority did not use its investigative, corrective or authorisation power despite being notified by another national competent authority or came to a decision that is clearly incompatible with provisions of this Regulation, other national competent authorities may address the case on their own, taking into account the procedure described in paragraph 3.*

### *Justification*

*Most major cases will have a cross-border background, which is why the cooperation among national competent authorities is key if the AIA wants to ensure secure AI systems and a strong protection of fundamental rights. This article follows the GDPR approach but adjusts a few issues that have proven to be problematic in practice (e.g. passive DPAs).*

## **Amendment 249**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 60 – paragraph 1**

#### *Text proposed by the Commission*

1. The Commission shall, in collaboration with the Member States, set up and maintain a EU database containing information referred to in paragraph 2 concerning high-risk AI systems referred to in Article 6(2) which are registered in accordance with Article 51.

#### *Amendment*

1. The Commission shall, in collaboration with the Member States ***and by building on the existing Business Registries in line with Directive 2012/17/EU***, set up and maintain a EU database containing information referred to in paragraph 2 concerning high-risk AI systems referred to in Article 6(2) ***and (2a)*** which are registered in accordance with Article 51.

## **Amendment 250**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 61 – paragraph 2**

#### *Text proposed by the Commission*

2. The post-market monitoring system shall actively and systematically collect, document and analyse relevant data provided by users or collected through other sources on the performance of high-risk AI systems throughout their lifetime, and allow the provider to evaluate the continuous compliance of AI systems with the requirements set out in Title III,

#### *Amendment*

2. The post-market monitoring system shall actively and systematically collect, document and analyse relevant data provided by users ***and end-user*** or collected through other sources, ***to the extent such data are readily accessible to the provider and taking into account the limits resulting from data protection, copyright and competition law***, on the performance of high-risk AI systems

Chapter 2.

throughout their lifetime, and allow the provider to evaluate the continuous compliance of AI systems with the requirements set out in Title III, Chapter 2.

Or. en

## **Amendment 251**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 62 – title**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

Reporting of serious incidents *and of malfunctioning*

Reporting of serious incidents

Or. en

## **Amendment 252**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 62 – paragraph 1 – introductory part**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

1. Providers of high-risk AI systems placed on the Union market shall report any serious incident *or any malfunctioning of those systems which constitutes a breach of obligations under Union law intended to protect fundamental rights* to the market surveillance authorities of the Member States where that incident or breach occurred.

1. Providers of high-risk AI systems placed on the Union market shall report any serious incident to the market surveillance authorities of the Member States where that incident or breach occurred.

Or. en

## **Amendment 253**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 62 – paragraph 1 – subparagraph 1**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

Such notification shall be made ***immediately*** after the provider has established a causal link between the AI system and the incident ***or malfunctioning*** or the reasonable likelihood of such a link, and, in any event, not later than ***15 days*** after the providers becomes aware of the serious incident ***or of the malfunctioning***.

*Amendment*

Such notification shall be made ***without undue delay*** after the provider ***or user*** has established a causal link between the AI system and the ***serious*** incident or the reasonable likelihood of such a link, and, in any event, not later than ***72 hours*** after the providers becomes aware of the serious incident.

***No report under this Article is required if the serious incident also leads to reporting requirements under other laws. In that case, the authorities competent under those laws shall forward the received report to the national competent authority.***

Or. en

**Amendment 254**

**Proposal for a regulation  
Article 62 – paragraph 2**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

2. Upon receiving a notification related to a ***breach of obligations under Union law intended to protect fundamental rights***, the market surveillance authority shall inform the national public authorities or bodies referred to in Article 64(3). The Commission shall develop dedicated guidance to facilitate compliance with the obligations set out in paragraph 1. That guidance shall be issued 12 months after the entry into force of this Regulation, at the latest.

*Amendment*

2. Upon receiving a notification related to a ***serious incident referred to in Article 3(44)***, the ***relevant*** market surveillance authority shall inform the national public authorities or bodies referred to in Article 64(3). The Commission shall develop dedicated guidance to facilitate compliance with the obligations set out in paragraph 1. That guidance shall be issued 12 months after the entry into force of this Regulation, at the latest.

Or. en

## Amendment 255

### Proposal for a regulation Article 62 – paragraph 3

*Text proposed by the Commission*

3. For high-risk AI systems referred to in point 5(b) of Annex III which are placed on the market or put into service by providers that are *credit institutions regulated by Directive 2013/36/EU and for high-risk AI systems which are safety components of devices, or are themselves devices, covered by Regulation (EU) 2017/745 and Regulation (EU) 2017/746*, the notification of serious incidents *or malfunctioning* shall be limited to those *that that constitute a breach of obligations under Union law intended to protect fundamental rights*.

*Amendment*

3. For high-risk AI systems referred to in point 5(b) of Annex III which are placed on the market or put into service by providers that are *subject to regulations that require solutions equivalent to those set out in this* Regulation, the notification of serious incidents shall be limited to those *referred to in Article 3(44)*.

Or. en

## Amendment 256

### Proposal for a regulation Article 64 – paragraph 1

*Text proposed by the Commission*

1. Access to data and documentation in the context of their activities, the market surveillance authorities shall be granted *full* access to *the* training, validation and testing datasets used by the provider, *including through application programming interfaces ('API') or other appropriate technical means and tools enabling remote access*.

*Amendment*

1. *When appropriate and proportionate, market surveillance authorities may request* access to data and documentation in the context of their activities. The market surveillance authorities shall *only* be granted, access to *those* training, validation and testing datasets used by the provider *that are strictly necessary for the purpose of its request*.

Or. en

## Amendment 257

### Proposal for a regulation Article 64 – paragraph 2

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

**2. Where necessary to assess the conformity of the high-risk AI system with the requirements set out in Title III, Chapter 2 and upon a reasoned request, the market surveillance authorities shall be granted access to the source code of the AI system.** *deleted*

Or. en

## Amendment 258

### Proposal for a regulation Article 67

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

**Article 67** *deleted*

***Compliant AI systems which present a risk***

**1. Where, having performed an evaluation under Article 65, the market surveillance authority of a Member State finds that although an AI system is in compliance with this Regulation, it presents a risk to the health or safety of persons, to the compliance with obligations under Union or national law intended to protect fundamental rights or to other aspects of public interest protection, it shall require the relevant operator to take all appropriate measures to ensure that the AI system concerned, when placed on the market or put into service, no longer presents that risk, to withdraw the AI system from the market or to recall it within a reasonable period, commensurate with the nature of the risk, as it may prescribe.**

2. *The provider or other relevant operators shall ensure that corrective action is taken in respect of all the AI systems concerned that they have made available on the market throughout the Union within the timeline prescribed by the market surveillance authority of the Member State referred to in paragraph 1.*

3. *The Member State shall immediately inform the Commission and the other Member States. That information shall include all available details, in particular the data necessary for the identification of the AI system concerned, the origin and the supply chain of the AI system, the nature of the risk involved and the nature and duration of the national measures taken.*

4. *The Commission shall without delay enter into consultation with the Member States and the relevant operator and shall evaluate the national measures taken. On the basis of the results of that evaluation, the Commission shall decide whether the measure is justified or not and, where necessary, propose appropriate measures.*

5. *The Commission shall address its decision to the Member States.*

Or. en

## Amendment 259

### Proposal for a regulation Article 68 – paragraph 2

#### *Text proposed by the Commission*

2. Where the non-compliance referred to in paragraph 1 persists, the Member State concerned shall take all appropriate measures to restrict or prohibit the high-risk AI system being made available on the market *or ensure that it is recalled or*

#### *Amendment*

2. Where the non-compliance referred to in paragraph 1 persists, the Member State concerned shall take all appropriate *and proportionate* measures to restrict or prohibit the high-risk AI system being made available on the market.

*withdrawn from the market.*

Or. en

## **Amendment 260**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 68 a (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

#### **Article 68 a**

##### ***Right to lodge a complaint with a supervisory authority***

- 1. Every citizen who considers that his or her right to protection of personal data has been infringed by the use of a prohibited AI system or a high-risk AI system shall have the right to lodge a complaint with the authority in charge to handle complaints under Article 77 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 in the Member State of his or her habitual residence, place of work or place of the alleged infringement.***
- 2. The supervisory authority with which the complaint has been lodged shall inform the complainant on the progress and the outcome of the complaint.***

Or. en

## **Amendment 261**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 69 – paragraph 1 a (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

- 1a. The Commission and the Board shall encourage and facilitate the drawing up of codes of conduct intended to foster the voluntary application of the concept of***

*trustworthy AI set out in Article 4(a) to AI systems other than high-risk AI systems on the basis of technical specifications and solutions that are appropriate means of ensuring compliance with such requirements in light of the intended purpose of the systems.*

Or. en

## Amendment 262

### Proposal for a regulation Article 69 – paragraph 4

*Text proposed by the Commission*

4. The Commission and the Board shall take into account the specific interests and needs of *the small-scale providers* and start-ups when encouraging and facilitating the drawing up of codes of conduct.

*Amendment*

4. The Commission and the Board shall take into account the specific interests and needs of *SMEs* and start-ups when encouraging and facilitating the drawing up of codes of conduct.

Or. en

## Amendment 263

### Proposal for a regulation Article 70 – paragraph 1 – introductory part

*Text proposed by the Commission*

1. National competent authorities and notified bodies involved in the application of this Regulation shall respect the confidentiality of information and data obtained in carrying out their tasks and activities in such a manner as to protect, in particular:

*Amendment*

1. National competent authorities and notified bodies involved in the application of this Regulation shall *put effective cybersecurity measures in place and* respect the confidentiality of information and data obtained in carrying out their tasks and activities in such a manner as to protect, in particular:

Or. en

## Amendment 264

### Proposal for a regulation Article 70 – paragraph 1 – point a

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(a) intellectual property rights, and confidential business information or trade secrets of a natural or legal person, including source code, except the cases referred to in Article 5 of Directive 2016/943 on the protection of undisclosed know-how and business information (trade secrets) against their unlawful acquisition, use and disclosure apply.

*Amendment*

(a) intellectual property rights, and confidential business information or trade secrets of a natural or legal person ***in line with the 2016 EU Trade Secrets Directive (Directive 2016/943) as well as the 2004 Directive on the enforcement of intellectual property rights (Directive 2004/48/EC)***, including source code, except the cases referred to in Article 5 of Directive 2016/943 on the protection of undisclosed know-how and business information (trade secrets) against their unlawful acquisition, use and disclosure apply.

Or. en

## Amendment 265

### Proposal for a regulation Article 70 – paragraph 1 – point c a (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***(ca) the principles of purpose limitation and data minimization, meaning that national competent authorities minimize the quantity of data requested for disclosure in line with what is absolutely necessary for the perceived risk and its assessment, and they must not keep the data for any longer than absolutely necessary.***

Or. en

## Amendment 266

### Proposal for a regulation Article 70 – paragraph 4

*Text proposed by the Commission*

4. The Commission and Member States may exchange, where necessary, confidential information with regulatory authorities of third countries with which they have concluded bilateral or multilateral confidentiality arrangements guaranteeing an adequate level of confidentiality.

*Amendment*

4. The Commission and Member States may, ***if consistent with the provisions contained in EU trade agreements with third countries,*** exchange, where necessary, confidential information with regulatory authorities of third countries with which they have concluded bilateral or multilateral confidentiality arrangements guaranteeing an adequate level of confidentiality.

Or. en

## Amendment 267

### Proposal for a regulation Article 71 – paragraph 3 – introductory part

*Text proposed by the Commission*

3. ***The following infringements*** shall be subject to administrative fines of up to **30 000 000** EUR or, if the offender is company, up to **6 %** of its total worldwide annual turnover for the preceding financial year, whichever is higher:

*Amendment*

3. ***Non-compliance with the prohibition of the AI practices referred to in Article 5*** shall be subject to administrative fines of up to **20000 000** EUR or, if the offender is **a** company, up to **4%** of its total worldwide annual turnover for the preceding financial year, whichever is higher.

Or. en

## Amendment 268

### Proposal for a regulation Article 71 – paragraph 3 – point a

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

**(a) non-compliance with the prohibition of the artificial intelligence practices referred to in Article 5;**

***deleted***

Or. en

## **Amendment 269**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 71 – paragraph 3 – point b**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

**(b) non-compliance of the AI system with the requirements laid down in Article 10.**

***deleted***

Or. en

## **Amendment 270**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 71 – paragraph 4**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

4. The non-compliance of the AI system with **any** requirements or obligations under this Regulation, other than those laid down in Articles 5 **and 10**, shall be subject to administrative fines of up to **20 000 000** EUR or, if the offender is a company, up to **4** % of its total worldwide annual turnover for the preceding financial year, whichever is higher.

4. The **grossly negligent** non-compliance of the **provider or user of the** AI system with **the respective** requirements or obligations under this Regulation, other than those laid down in Articles 5, shall be subject to administrative fines of up to **10 000 000** EUR or, if the offender is a company, up to **2** % of its total worldwide annual turnover for the preceding financial year, whichever is higher.

Or. en

## Amendment 271

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 71 – paragraph 6 – introductory part

*Text proposed by the Commission*

6. When deciding on the amount of the administrative fine in each individual case, all relevant circumstances of the specific situation shall be taken into account and due regard shall be given to the following:

*Amendment*

6. ***Fines may be imposed in addition to or instead of non-monetary measures such as orders or warnings.*** When deciding ***on whether to impose a fine or*** on the amount of the administrative fine in each individual case, all relevant circumstances of the specific situation shall be taken into account and due regard shall be given to the following:

Or. en

## Amendment 272

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 71 – paragraph 6 – point c a (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***(ca) the intentional or negligent character of the infringement;***

Or. en

## Amendment 273

### Proposal for a regulation

#### Article 71 – paragraph 6 – point c b (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***(cb) any action taken by the provider to mitigate the harm or damage suffered by the affected persons;***

Or. en

**Amendment 274**

**Proposal for a regulation**

**Article 71 – paragraph 6 – point c c (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

**(cc) any relevant previous infringements by the provider;**

Or. en

**Amendment 275**

**Proposal for a regulation**

**Article 71 – paragraph 6 – point c d (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

**(cd) the degree of cooperation with the national competent authorities, in order to remedy the infringement and mitigate the possible adverse effects of the infringement;**

Or. en

**Amendment 276**

**Proposal for a regulation**

**Article 71 – paragraph 6 – point c e (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

**(ce) the manner in which the infringement became known to the national competent authority, in particular whether, and if so to what extent, the provider notified the infringement;**

Or. en

## **Amendment 277**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 71 – paragraph 6 – point c f (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

*(cf) any other aggravating or mitigating factor applicable to the circumstances of the case, such as financial benefits gained, or losses avoided, directly or indirectly, from the infringement.*

Or. en

## **Amendment 278**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 71 – paragraph 8 a (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

*8a. Administrative fines shall not be applied to a participant in a regulatory sandbox, who was acting in line with the recommendation issued by the supervisory authority;*

Or. en

## **Amendment 279**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Article 71 – paragraph 8 b (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

*8b. The penalties referred to in this article as well as the associated litigation costs and indemnification claims may not be the subject of contractual clauses or other form of burden-sharing agreements between the providers and distributors, importers, users, or any other third-*

*parties.*

Or. en

## **Amendment 280**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 73 – paragraph 2 a (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***2a. The delegation of power referred to in Article 4, Article 7(1), Article 11(3), Article 43(5) and (6) and Article 48(5) shall undergo due process, be proportionate and be based on a permanent and institutionalised exchange with the relevant stakeholders as well as the Board and the High Level Expert Group on AI.***

Or. en

## **Amendment 281**

### **Proposal for a regulation Article 83 – paragraph 2**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

2. This Regulation shall apply to the high-risk AI systems, other than the ones referred to in paragraph 1, that have been placed on the market or put into service before [date of application of this Regulation referred to in Article 85(2)], only if, from that date, those systems are subject to ***significant changes*** in their design or intended purpose.

2. This Regulation shall apply to the high-risk AI systems, other than the ones referred to in paragraph 1, that have been placed on the market or put into service before [date of application of this Regulation referred to in Article 85(2)], only if, from that date, those systems are subject to ***substantial modification as defined in Article 3(23)*** in their design or intended purpose.

Or. en

## Amendment 282

### Proposal for a regulation Article 85 – paragraph 2

*Text proposed by the Commission*

2. This Regulation shall apply from [24 months following the entering into force of the Regulation].

*Amendment*

2. This Regulation shall apply from [48 months following the entering into force of the Regulation].

Or. en

## Amendment 283

### Proposal for a regulation Article 85 – paragraph 3 a (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***3a. Member States shall not until ... [24 months after the date of application of this Regulation] impede the making available of AI systems and products which were placed on the market in conformity with Union harmonisation legislation before [the date of application of this Regulation].***

Or. en

## Amendment 284

### Proposal for a regulation Article 85 – paragraph 3 b (new)

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

***3b. At the latest by six months after entry into force of this Regulation, the European Commission shall submit a standardization request to the European Standardisation Organisations in order to ensure the timely provision of all relevant harmonised standards that cover the***

*essential requirements of this regulation. Any delay in submitting the standardisation request shall add to the transitional period of 24 months as stipulated in paragraph 4.*

Or. en

## **Amendment 285**

### **Proposal for a regulation Annex I – point a**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(a) Machine learning approaches, including supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning, using a wide variety of methods including deep learning;

*Amendment*

(a) Machine learning **and optimization** approaches, including **but not limited to evolutionary computing as well as** supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning, using a wide variety of methods including deep learning;

Or. en

#### *Justification*

*The justification for a lex specialis on AI by the Commission was based on the specific characteristics, such as autonomy and opacity, of (rather new) machine-learning and data-driven AI applications. It was argued that they are so far not adequately covered by existing laws. Their existence would therefore demand new laws. Symbolic AI (dominant from the 1950s-90s) is however already covered by numerous EU and national laws. Point (b) and (c) fall exactly in this category. It is therefore not justified to address them - again - within the AI Act. Their inclusion would be contradictory to the impact assessment as well as better regulation principles.*

## **Amendment 286**

### **Proposal for a regulation Annex I – point b**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(b) **Logic- and knowledge-based approaches, including knowledge representation, inductive (logic)**

*Amendment*

**deleted**

*programming, knowledge bases, inference and deductive engines, (symbolic) reasoning and expert systems;*

Or. en

#### **Amendment 287**

##### **Proposal for a regulation Annex I – point c**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

*(c) Statistical approaches, Bayesian estimation, search and optimization methods.* **deleted**

Or. en

#### **Amendment 288**

##### **Proposal for a regulation Annex II – Part A – point 6**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

**6. Directive 2014/53/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of radio equipment and repealing Directive 1999/5/EC (OJ L 153, 22.5.2014, p. 62);** **deleted**

Or. en

#### **Amendment 289**

##### **Proposal for a regulation Annex II – Part B – point 7 a (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

**7a. Regulation (EU) 2017/745 and Regulation (EU) 2017/746.**

Or. en

## **Amendment 290**

### **Proposal for a regulation Annex III – title**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

**HIGH-RISK AI SYSTEMS REFERRED TO IN ARTICLE 6(2)**

**CRITICAL AREAS REFERRED TO IN ARTICLE 6(2)**

Or. en

## **Amendment 291**

### **Proposal for a regulation Annex III – paragraph 1 – introductory part**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

**High-risk AI systems** pursuant to Article 6(2) are the **AI systems** listed in **any of** the following areas:

**Critical areas** pursuant to Article 6(2) are the **ones** listed in the following areas:

Or. en

## **Amendment 292**

### **Proposal for a regulation Annex III – paragraph 1 – point 1 – introductory part**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

1. Biometric identification **and categorisation** of natural persons:

1. Biometric identification **systems intended to be used for the ‘real-time’ and ‘post’ remote biometric identification,**

*excluding biometric authentication, of natural persons (i.e., revealing their identity or tracking their behaviour) without their expressed or implied agreement;*

Or. en

### **Amendment 293**

#### **Proposal for a regulation Annex III – paragraph 1 – point 1 – point a**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

*(a) AI systems intended to be used for the ‘real-time’ and ‘post’ remote biometric identification of natural persons;*      *deleted*

Or. en

### **Amendment 294**

#### **Proposal for a regulation Annex III – paragraph 1 – point 2 – introductory part**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

2. *Management and operation of critical infrastructure;*      2. Critical infrastructure:

Or. en

### **Amendment 295**

#### **Proposal for a regulation Annex III – paragraph 1 – point 2 – point a**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

(a) AI systems *intended to be* used as safety components in the management and      (a) AI systems used as safety components in the management and

operation of road traffic *and the supply of water, gas, heating and electricity.*

operation of road traffic *to the extent that they are not embedded in a motor vehicle,*

Or. en

## **Amendment 296**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Annex III – paragraph 1 – point 2 – point a a (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

*(aa) AI systems intended to be used as safety components in the management and operation of the supply of water, gas, heating and electricity, provided the failure of the AI system might lead to an imminent threat to such supply;*

Or. en

## **Amendment 297**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Annex III – paragraph 1 – point 3 – point a**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

(a) AI systems intended to be used for the purpose of determining *access or assigning* natural persons to educational and vocational training institutions;

(a) AI systems intended to be used for the purpose of determining *and making autonomous decision on the admission of* natural persons to educational and vocational training institutions;

Or. en

## **Amendment 298**

### **Proposal for a regulation**

#### **Annex III – paragraph 1 – point 3 – point b**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(b) AI systems intended to be used for the purpose of assessing students in educational and vocational training institutions and for assessing participants in tests commonly required for admission to **educational** institutions.

*Amendment*

(b) AI systems intended to be used for the purpose of assessing ***the learning outcome of*** students in educational and vocational training institutions and for assessing participants in tests commonly required for admission to ***these*** institutions.

Or. en

**Amendment 299**

**Proposal for a regulation**

**Annex III – paragraph 1 – point 4 – introductory part**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

4. Employment, workers management and access to self-employment:

*Amendment*

4. Employment, workers management and access to self-employment:

Or. en

**Amendment 300**

**Proposal for a regulation**

**Annex III – paragraph 1 – point 4 – point a**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(a) AI systems intended to be used for recruitment or selection of natural persons, ***notably for advertising vacancies, screening or filtering applications, evaluating candidates in the course of interviews or tests;***

*Amendment*

(a) AI systems intended to be used for ***the sole purpose of*** recruitment or selection of natural persons, ***and making autonomous decisions on promotion and termination of work-related contractual relationships and*** evaluating ***performance and behavior of persons in such relationships.***

Or. en

## Amendment 301

### Proposal for a regulation Annex III – paragraph 1 – point 4 – point b

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

(b) *AI intended to be used for making decisions on promotion and termination of work-related contractual relationships, for task allocation and for monitoring and evaluating performance and behavior of persons in such relationships.* *deleted*

Or. en

## Amendment 302

### Proposal for a regulation Annex III – paragraph 1 – point 5 – point b

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

(b) *AI systems intended to be used to evaluate the creditworthiness of natural persons or establish their credit score, with the exception of AI systems put into service by small scale providers for their own use;* *deleted*

Or. en

## Amendment 303

### Proposal for a regulation Annex III – paragraph 1 – point 8 – point a

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

(a) AI systems intended to *assist* a judicial authority *in researching and* interpreting facts *and* the law and *in* applying the law to a concrete set of facts.

(a) AI systems intended to *be used by* a judicial authority, *administrative body or on their behalf for* interpreting facts *or* the law and *for* applying the law to a concrete set of facts.

## Amendment 304

### Proposal for a regulation Annex IV – paragraph 1 – point 2 – point b

*Text proposed by the Commission*

(b) the design specifications of the system, namely the general logic of the AI system and of the algorithms; the key design choices including the rationale and assumptions made, also with regard to persons or groups of persons on which the system is intended to be used; the main classification choices; what the system is designed to optimise for and the relevance of the different parameters; the decisions about any possible trade-off made regarding the technical solutions adopted to comply with the requirements set out in Title III, Chapter 2;

*Amendment*

(b) ***when relevant, proportionate and with respect of intellectual property rights and trade secrets,*** the design specifications of the system, namely the general logic of the AI system and of the algorithms; the key design choices including the rationale and assumptions made, also with regard to persons or groups of persons on which the system is intended to be used; the main classification choices; what the system is designed to optimise for and the relevance of the different parameters; the decisions about any possible trade-off made regarding the technical solutions adopted to comply with the requirements set out in Title III, Chapter 2;

Or. en

## Amendment 305

### Proposal for a regulation Annex IV – paragraph 1 – point 5

*Text proposed by the Commission*

5. ***A description of any change made to the system through its lifecycle;***

*Amendment*

***deleted***

Or. en

## Amendment 306

### Proposal for a regulation Annex VII – title

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

CONFORMITY BASED ON  
**ASSESSMENT OF QUALITY  
MANAGEMENT SYSTEM AND  
ASSESSMENT OF TECHNICAL  
DOCUMENTATION**

CONFORMITY BASED ON  
ASSESSMENT OF TECHNICAL  
DOCUMENTATION

Or. en

### **Amendment 307**

#### **Proposal for a regulation Annex VII – point 2 – paragraph 1**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

*The approved quality management system for the design, development and testing of AI systems pursuant to Article 17 shall be examined in accordance with point 3 and shall be subject to surveillance as specified in point 5. The technical documentation of the AI system shall be examined in accordance with point 4.*

The technical documentation of the AI system shall be examined in accordance with point 4.

Or. en

### **Amendment 308**

#### **Proposal for a regulation Annex VII – point 3**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

- 3. Quality management system**
- 3.1. The application of the provider shall include:**
- (a) the name and address of the provider and, if the application is lodged by the authorised representative, their name and address as well;**
- (b) the list of AI systems covered**

*deleted*

*under the same quality management system;*

*(c) the technical documentation for each AI system covered under the same quality management system;*

*(d) the documentation concerning the quality management system which shall cover all the aspects listed under Article 17;*

*(e) a description of the procedures in place to ensure that the quality management system remains adequate and effective;*

*(f) a written declaration that the same application has not been lodged with any other notified body.*

**3.2. The quality management system shall be assessed by the notified body, which shall determine whether it satisfies the requirements referred to in Article 17.**

*The decision shall be notified to the provider or its authorised representative.*

*The notification shall contain the conclusions of the assessment of the quality management system and the reasoned assessment decision.*

**3.3. The quality management system as approved shall continue to be implemented and maintained by the provider so that it remains adequate and efficient.**

**3.4. Any intended change to the approved quality management system or the list of AI systems covered by the latter shall be brought to the attention of the notified body by the provider.**

*The proposed changes shall be examined by the notified body, which shall decide whether the modified quality management system continues to satisfy the requirements referred to in point 3.2 or whether a reassessment is necessary.*

*The notified body shall notify the provider of its decision. The notification shall*

*contain the conclusions of the examination of the changes and the reasoned assessment decision.*

Or. en

**Amendment 309**

**Proposal for a regulation  
Annex VIII – point 5 a (new)**

*Text proposed by the Commission*

*Amendment*

**5a. The outcome of the trustworthy technology assessment;**

Or. en